Central Plaza Hotel Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries Notes to consolidated financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

1. General information

Central Plaza Hotel Public Company Limited ("the Company") was incorporated as a limited company under Thai laws and subsequently registered the change of its status to a public limited company under the Public Limited Companies Act, and domiciled in Thailand. The Company's major shareholders during the financial year were Chirathivat group (61.9% shareholding) (2018: 61.9% shareholding). The Company is principally engaged to operate hotel business, hotel management and food and beverage business. The registered office address of the Company is at 1695 Phaholyothin Road, Chatuchak, Bangkok.

2. Basis of preparation

2.1 The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards enunciated under the Accounting Professions Act B.E. 2547 and their presentation has been made in compliance with the stipulations of the Notification of the Department of Business Development dated 11 October 2016, issued under the Accounting Act B.E. 2543.

The financial statements in Thai language are the official statutory financial statements of the Company. The financial statements in English language have been translated from the Thai language financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except where otherwise disclosed in the accounting policies.

2.2 Basis of consolidation

a) The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Central Plaza Hotel Public Company Limited ("the Company") and the following subsidiary companies ("the subsidiaries"):

Subsidiaries directly held by the Company

	Nature of	Country of	Percen	tage of
Company's name	business	incorporation	shareh	olding
			<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
			Percent	Percent
Central Samui Beach Resort Co., Ltd.	Hotel	Thailand	100	100
Central Karon Village Co., Ltd.	Hotel	Thailand	100	100
Central Krabi Bay Resort Co., Ltd.	Hotel	Thailand	100	100
Central Hua Hin Beach Resort Co., Ltd.	Hotel	Thailand	63.9	63.9
Central World Hotel Co., Ltd.	Hotel	Thailand	100	100
Central Koh Kood Hotel Co., Ltd.	Not operate yet	Thailand	100	100
Central Hotel Management Co., Ltd.	Holding company	Thailand	100	100
Central Restaurants Group Co., Ltd.	Food and beverage	Thailand	100	100
Triplenine Décor Co., Ltd.	Not operate yet	Thailand	100	100
Central Samui Hotel Management Co., Ltd.	Hotel	Thailand	100	100
Centara International Management	Holding company			
Co., Ltd.	and hotel			
	management	Thailand	100	100
S.P. Realty Had Farang Resort Co., Ltd.	Not operate yet	Thailand	100	100
S.P. Realty Pattaya Beach Co., Ltd.	Not operate yet	Thailand	100	100
Refresh Zone Co., Ltd.	Spa	Thailand	100	100
Central Bangkok Convention & Exhibition				
Co., Ltd.	Not operate yet	Thailand	100	100
Centara International Management				
(Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Hotel management	Thailand	100	100
Karon Phuket Hotel Co., Ltd.	Hotel	Thailand	99.3	99.3
Cosi Hotel Co., Ltd.	Hotel	Thailand	100	100
Centara Import-Export Co., Ltd.	Import and export	Thailand	100	100
Cosi Hotel Management Co., Ltd.	Not operate yet	Thailand	100	100
Centara Loyalty Marketing Co., Ltd.	Offer privileges for			
	customers	Thailand	100	100
Centara Learning Centre Co., Ltd.	Learning centre	Thailand	100	100
Kata Phuket Hotel Co., Ltd.	Hotel	Thailand	99	99
Centara Management Headquarter Limited	Hotel management	Thailand	100	100
Central South Pattaya Limited	Not operate yet	Thailand	100	-

Indirect subsidiaries held by the Company's subsidiaries

Company's name	Nature of business	Country of incorporation	Percentage of indirect shareholding	
Company 3 hame	Dusiness	incorporation	-	
			2019 Percent	2018
Investment through Central Hotel Managem	ant Co. Itd		Percent	Percent
Central Sukhontha Hotel Co., Ltd.	Hotel	Thailand	100	100
Central Mae Sot Hill Hotel Co., Ltd.	Hotel	Thailand	98.4	98.4
,		Thailand		
Central Laundry Services Co., Ltd.	Not operate yet	mailand	100	100
Investment through Central Samui Beach C	O., Ltd. Hotel	Thailand	100	100
Central Samui Village Co., Ltd.		mailand	100	100
Investment through Central Restaurants Gro	-	Thailand	100	100
CRG Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	Food and beverage			
CRG International Food Co., Ltd.	Food and beverage	Thailand	100	100
Central Restaurants Group (HK) Limited	Holding company	Hong Kong	100	-
		Special		
		Administrative		
		Region of the		
		People's		
		Republic of		
		China		
Investment through Central Krabi Bay Reso	rt Co., Ltd.			
S.P. Realty Lanta Beach Co., Ltd.	Not operate yet	Thailand	100	100
Investment through Centara International M	anagement Co., Ltd.			
Centara Maldives Pvt. Ltd.	Hotel	Maldives	75	75
R.M.L. Leisure Pvt. Ltd.	Hotel	Maldives	74	74
Centara (Shanghai) Hotel Management				
Co., Ltd.	Not operate yet	China	100	100
CIM for Hotel Management - Egypt, S.A.E.	Not operate yet	Egypt	100	100
Investment through Centara Management F	leadquarter Limited			
Centara Capital Limited	Holding company	Hong Kong	100	100
		Special		
		Administrative		
		Region of the		
		People's		
		Republic of		
		China		
Centara Singapore Private Limited	Holding company	Singapore	100	-
Investment through Centara Capital Limited				
Lagoon Assets Private Limited	Not operate yet	Maldives	100	100
Centara Lagoon Private Limited	Not operate yet	Maldives	100	-
Investment through Centara Singapore Priv	ate Limited			
Centara Japan Capital Godo Kaisha	Holding company	Japan	100	-

b) The Company is deemed to have control over an investee or subsidiaries if it has rights, or is exposed, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and it has the ability to direct the activities that affect the amount of its returns.

- c) Subsidiaries are fully consolidated, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases.
- d) The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared using the same significant accounting policies as the Company.
- e) The assets and liabilities in the financial statements of overseas subsidiary companies are translated to Baht using the exchange rate prevailing at the end of reporting period, and revenues and expenses are translated using monthly average exchange rates. The resulting differences are shown under the caption of "Exchange differences on translation of financial statements in foreign currency" in the statements of changes in shareholders' equity.
- f) Material balances and transactions between the Group have been eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.
- g) Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets of the subsidiaries that are not held by the Company and are presented separately in the consolidated profit or loss and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position.
- 2.3 The separate financial statements present investments in subsidiaries, associate and joint venture under the cost method.

3. New financial reporting standards

(a) Financial reporting standards that became effective in the current year

During the year, the Group has adopted the revised (revised 2018) and new financial reporting standards and interpretations which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2019. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and providing accounting guidance for users of the standards. The adoption of these financial reporting standards does not have any significant impact on the Groups' financial statements. However, the new standard involves changes to key principles, which are summarised below:

TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

TFRS 15 supersedes the following accounting standards together with related interpretations.

TAS 11 (revised 2017) Construction Contracts

TAS 18 (revised 2017) Revenue

TSIC 31 (revised 2017) Revenue - Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services

TFRIC 13 (revised 2017) Customer Loyalty Programmes

TFRIC 15 (revised 2017) Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate

TFRIC 18 (revised 2017) Transfers of Assets from Customers

Entities are to apply this standard to all contracts with customers unless those contracts fall within the scope of other standards. The standard establishes a five-step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers, with revenue being recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The standard requires entities to exercise judgement, taking into consideration all of the relevant facts and circumstances when applying each step of the model.

This standard does not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

(b) Financial reporting standards that will become effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2020

The Federation of Accounting Professions issued a number of new and revised financial reporting standards and interpretations, which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2020. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and providing accounting guidance for users of the standards except the following new standards which involve changes to key principles, which are summarised below.

Financial reporting standards related to financial instruments

A set of TFRSs related to financial instruments consists of five accounting standards and interpretations, as follows:

Financial reporting standards:

TFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures

TFRS 9 Financial Instruments

Accounting standard:

TAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation

Financial Reporting Standard Interpretations:

TFRIC 16 Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation

TFRIC 19 Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments

These TFRSs related to financial instruments make stipulations relating to the classification of financial instruments and their measurement at fair value or amortised cost (taking into account the type of instrument, the characteristics of the contractual cash flows and the Company's business model), calculation of impairment using the expected credit loss method, and hedge accounting. These include stipulations regarding the presentation and disclosure of financial instruments. When the TFRSs related to financial instruments are effective, some accounting standards, interpretations and guidance which are currently effective will be cancelled.

The management of the Group is currently evaluating the impact of these standards to the financial statements in the year when they are adopted.

TFRS 16 Leases

TFRS 16 supersedes TAS 17 Leases together with related Interpretations. The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases, and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is low value.

Accounting by lessors under TFRS 16 is substantially unchanged from TAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify leases as either operating or finance leases using similar principles to those used under TAS 17.

The Group plans to adopt TFRS 16 using the modified retrospective method of adoption of which the cumulative effect is recognised as an adjustment to the retained earnings as at 1 January 2020, and the comparative information was not restated.

The management of the Group is currently evaluating the impact of these standards to the financial statements in the year when they are adopted.

4. Significant accounting policies

4.1 Revenue recognition

Revenues from hotel operations and related services

Hotel revenues from rooms, food and beverage and other services are recognised when the rooms are occupied, food and beverage are sold and the services are rendered.

Revenue from management of loyalty programme

The revenue from loyalty programme is reconginsed upon the redemption and fulfilment of obligation.

Revenues from food and beverage

Revenues from restaurant business are recognised when food and beverage are sold to the customers.

Rental income

Rental income from investment property is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognised as an integral part of the total rental income. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

Management fee income

Management fee income is recognised over the period of management agreement in accordance with terms and conditions stipulated in the agreements.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis based on the effective interest rate.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss when the right to receive the dividend is established.

4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and at banks, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less and not subject to withdrawal restrictions.

4.3 Trade accounts receivable

Trade accounts receivable are stated at the net realisable value. Allowance for doubtful accounts is provided for the estimated losses that may be incurred in collection of receivables. The allowance is generally based on collection experiences and analysis of debt aging.

4.4 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the first in first out principle for food and beverage, finished goods, raw materials for manufacturing and spa products and using the moving average principle for ice-cream products, and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

In the case of manufactured inventories and work-in-progress, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity and is calculated using standard cost adjusted to approximate average cost.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs to complete and to make the sale.

4.5 Investments

- a) Investments in available-for-sale securities are stated at fair value. Changes in the fair value of these securities are recorded in other comprehensive income, and will be recorded in profit or loss when the securities are sold.
- Investments in joint ventures and associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method.
- c) Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are accounted for in the separate financial statements using the cost method less allowance for loss on impairment (if any).

The fair value of marketable securities is based on the latest bid price of the last working day of the year. The fair value of debt instruments is determined based on yield rates quoted by the Thai Bond Market Association. The fair value of unit trusts is determined from their net asset value.

The weighted average method is used for computation of the cost of investments.

In the event the Group reclassifies investments from one type to another, such investments will be readjusted to their fair value as at the reclassification date. The difference between the carrying amount of the investments and the fair value on the date of reclassification are recorded in profit or loss or recorded as other components of shareholders' equity, depending on the type of investment that is reclassified.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investment is recognised in profit or loss.

4.6 Investment properties

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and allowance for loss on impairment (if any).

Depreciation is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each property. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and building improvements 15 and 30 years Equipment 15 years

No depreciation is provided on freehold land.

On disposal of investment properties, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss in the period when the asset is derecognised.

4.7 Property, plant and equipment/ Depreciation

Land is stated at cost. Buildings, equipment and leasehold improvements are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and allowance for loss on impairment of assets (if any).

Depreciation of plant and equipment is calculated by reference to their costs, on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements - 10 - 25 years or lease agreement

Buildings and building improvements - 10 - 50 years

Machinery and equipment - 5 - 30 years

Office equipment, tools, furniture and fixtures - 3 - 19 years

Lease improvements - 3 - 20 years

Motor vehicles - 5 - 10 years

Depreciation is included in determining income.

Stocks of linen, china, glass and silver are determined quarterly by a physical count and valued at net book value. The cost of uniforms and kitchen utensils purchased has been regarded as a base value. Subsequent purchases are expended when incurred, except the additional purchase for newly opened restaurants.

No depreciation is provided on land and assets under installation.

An item of equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of an asset is included in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

4.8 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

4.9 Leasehold rights

Leasehold rights are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses (if any).

Amortisation is calculated over the term of each lease contract.

4.10 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses (if any).

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised on a systematic basis over the economic useful life and tested for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method of such intangible assets are reviewed at least at each financial year end. The amortisation expense is charged to profit or loss.

A summary of the intangible assets with finite useful lives is as follows:

Useful lives

Computer software - 10 years
License agreements - 10 years
Deferred initial fees - 10 years

4.11 Goodwill

Goodwill is initially recorded at cost, which equals to the excess of cost of business combination over the fair value of the net assets acquired. If the fair value of the net assets acquired exceeds the cost of business combination, the excess is immediately recognised as gain in profit or loss.

Goodwill is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the Company's cash generating units (or group of cash-generating units) that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. The Company estimates the recoverable amount of each cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods.

4.12 Related party transactions

Related parties comprise individuals or enterprises that control, or are controlled by, the Company, whether directly or indirectly, or which are under common control with the Company.

They also include associated companies, and individuals or enterprises which directly or indirectly own a voting interest in the Company that gives them significant influence over the Company, key management personnel, directors and officers with authority in the planning and direction of the Company's operations.

4.13 Long-term leases

Finance leases

Leases of equipment which transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lower of the fair value of the leased assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The outstanding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in long-term payables, while the interest element is charged to profit or loss over the lease period. The assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the useful life of the assets.

Operating leases

Leases of property, plant or equipment which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

4.14 Foreign currencies

The consolidated and separate financial statements are presented in Baht, which is also the Company's functional currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the exchange rate ruling at the end of reporting period.

Gains and losses on exchange are included in determining income.

4.15 Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group perform impairment reviews in respect of the property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset may be impaired. The Group also carry out annual impairment reviews in respect of goodwill. An impairment loss is recognised when the recoverable amount of an asset, which is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use, is less than the carrying amount. In determining value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by a valuation model that, based on information available, reflects the amount that the Group could obtain from the disposal of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, after deducting the costs of disposal.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

In the assessment of asset impairment if there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased, the Group estimate the asset's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The increased carrying amount of the asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss shall not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal, which exceeds the carrying amount that would have been determined, is treated as a revaluation increase.

4.16 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Salaries, wages, bonuses and contributions to the social security fund are recognised as expenses when incurred.

Post-employment benefits

Defined contribution plans

The Group and their employees have jointly established a provident fund. The fund is monthly contributed by employees and by the Group. The fund's assets are held in a separate trust fund and the Group's contributions are recognised as expenses when incurred.

Defined benefit plans

The Group have obligations in respect of the severance payments they must make to employees upon retirement under labor law. The Group treat these severance payment obligations as a defined benefit plan.

The obligation under the defined benefit plan is determined by a professionally qualified independent actuary based on actuarial techniques, using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from post-employment benefits are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income.

Past service costs are recognized in profit or loss on the earlier of the date of the plan amendment or curtailment and the date that the Company recognizes restructuring-related costs.

4.17 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group have a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

4.18 Income tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of corporate income tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current income tax

Current income tax is provided in the accounts at the amount expected to be paid to the taxation authorities, based on taxable profits determined in accordance with tax legislation.

Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts at the end of each reporting period, using the tax rates enacted at the end of the reporting period.

The Group recognise deferred tax liabilities for all taxable temporary differences while they recognise deferred tax assets for all deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which such deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward can be utilised.

At each reporting date, the Group review and reduce the carrying amount of deferred tax assets to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

The Group record deferred tax directly to shareholders' equity if the tax relates to items that are recorded directly to shareholders' equity.

4.19 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between buyer and seller (market participants) at the measurement date. The Group apply a quoted market price in an active market to measure their assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value by relevant financial reporting standards. Except in case of no active market of an identical asset or liability or when a quoted market price is not available, the Group measure fair value using valuation technique that are appropriate in the circumstances and maximises the use of relevant observable inputs related to assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy into three levels based on categorise of input to be used in fair value measurement as follows:

- Level 1 Use of quoted market prices in an observable active market for such assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Use of other observable inputs for such assets or liabilities, whether directly or indirectly
- Level 3 Use of unobservable inputs such as estimates of future cash flows

At the end of each reporting period, the Group determine whether transfers have occurred between levels within the fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities held at the end of the reporting period that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

5. Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with financial reporting standards at times requires management to make subjective judgements and estimates regarding matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgements and estimates affect reported amounts and disclosures; and actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant judgements and estimates are as follows:

Impairment of investments

The Company treats investments as impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below their cost or where other objective evidence of impairment exists. The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement of the management.

Goodwill and intangible assets

The initial recognition and measurement of goodwill and intangible assets and subsequent impairment testing, require management to make estimates of cash flows to be generated by the asset or the cash generating units and to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that the Group will have taxable profit that will be available against which the temporary differences and losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of estimate future taxable profits.

6. Related party transactions

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consol	idated	Separate		
	financial s	tatements	financial s	tatements	Transfer pricing policy
	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Transactions with subsidiaries					
(Eliminated from the consolidated					
financial statements)					
Rental income	-	-	2,930	2,930	Contractually agreed prices
Interest income	-	-	91,905	79,139	Bank interest rate
Management fee income	-	-	179,109	199,663	Contractually agreed prices
Income from loan guarantee	-	-	6,989	9,356	Contractually agreed prices
Dividend income	-	-	985,932	1,224,530	Dividend announcement
Interest expense	-	-	18,704	19,967	Bank interest rate
Other expenses	-	-	5,665	5,177	Agreed prices
Rental expense	-	-	6,974	6,974	Contractually agreed prices
Management fee expense	-	-	147,279	158,387	Contractually agreed prices
Transactions with associated cor	mpanies				
Rental income	100,333	100,333	50,333	50,333	Contractually agreed prices
Dividend income	23,744	24,328	23,744	24,328	Dividend announcement
Rental expense	183,546	183,546	-	-	Contractually agreed prices
Transactions with related compa	<u>nies</u>				
Rental income	14,279	14,279	-	-	Contractually agreed prices
Management fee income	9,234	13,747	-	-	Contractually agreed prices
Other income	16,568	18,157	-	-	Agreed prices
Rental expense	708,293	659,276	131,512	124,411	Contractually agreed prices
Electricity expense	37,200	36,500	37,200	36,500	Contractually agreed prices
Management fee expense	33,982	32,803	15,315	14,586	Contractually agreed prices
Finance and accounting service					
expense	32,540	30,772	-	-	Contractually agreed prices
Other service fees	17,492	19,960	-	-	Agreed prices

As at 31 December 2019 and 2018, the balances of the accounts between the Company and those related parties were as follows:

			(Unit: Thousand Baht)	
	Consolic	lated	Separate	
_	financial sta	tements	financial sta	tements
	<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Trade and other receivables - related				
parties (Note 9)				
Subsidiaries	-	-	37,257	34,142
Related companies (related by				
common directors)	20,081	21,549	4,512	3,132
Total trade and other receivables -				
related parties	20,081	21,549	41,769	37,274
Dividend receivables - related parties				
Subsidiaries	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	210,000	277,000
Total dividend receivables - related				
parties	-		210,000	277,000
Trade and other payables - related				
parties (Note 22)				
Subsidiaries	-	-	22,028	12,398
Related companies (related by				
common directors)	10,019	4,938	<u> </u>	84
Total trade and other payables - related				
parties	10,019	4,938	22,028	12,482

Loans to related parties

As at 31 December 2019 and 2018, the balance of short-term and long-term loans to related parties and the movements are as follows:

					(Unit	: Thousand Baht)
Loans to			Conso	lidated	Sep	arate
related parties	Intere	est rate	financial s	tatements	financial	statements
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
	(Percent p	er annum)				
Short-term loans						
Subsidiaries	3.0	3.0	-	-	471,103	322,824
Long-term loans						
Subsidiaries	3.0	3.0			2,505,421	2,139,177
Total					2,976,524	2,462,001

Movements during the years ended 31 December 2019 and 2018 of loans to related parties were as follows:

			(Unit: T	housand Baht)
	Consolid	dated	Separ	ate
	financial sta	atements	financial sta	atements
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Loans to related parties				
Subsidiaries				
At 1 January	-	-	2,660,501	3,049,850
Increase	-	-	4,531,280	2,962,559
Decrease		<u>-</u>	(3,970,557)	(3,351,908)
Total	-	-	3,221,224	2,660,501
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts		<u>-</u>	(244,700)	(198,500)
At 31 December	-	-	2,976,524	2,462,001

Loans from related parties

As at 31 December 2019 and 2018, the balance of short-term and long-term loans from related parties are as follows:

					(Unit: Th	nousand Baht)
Loans from			Consoli	idated	Sepa	rate
related parties	Interes	st rate	financial st	atements	financial st	tatements
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
	(Percent p	er annum)				
Short-term loans						
Subsidiaries	1.65 - 3.0	1.4 - 3.0	-	-	520,180	414,373
Long-term loans						
Other related parties	3.0	3.0	52,329	52,329		
Total			52,329	52,329	520,180	414,373

Movements during the years ended 31 December 2019 and 2018 of loans from related parties were as follows:

			(Unit: T	housand Baht)
	Consoli	dated	Separate	
	financial sta	atements	financial sta	atements
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Short-term loans				
Subsidiaries				
At 1 January	-	-	414,373	1,272,900
Increase	-	-	2,224,071	1,885,850
Decrease	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	(2,118,264)	(2,744,377)
At 31 December		<u> </u>	520,180	414,373
Long-term loans				
Other related parties				
At 1 January	52,329	60,989	-	-
Decrease	<u> </u>	(8,660)	<u>-</u>	-
At 31 December	52,329	52,329	<u> </u>	-

Loans from related parties

A subsidiary has long-term loans from related parties in form of promissory notes and repayable within 31 December 2020. On 1 December 2019, the subsidiary renewed the promissory notes to extend the payment term to be the earlier of 31 December 2022 and the loss of a controlling interest in the borrower by the parent company of the borrower.

Significant agreements with related parties

Long-term lease agreements

The Company

Centara Grand at Central Plaza Ladprao Bangkok

Under the terms of a reciprocal agreement entered into with Central International Development Co., Ltd. ("CID") who entered into long-term land lease agreement with State Railway of Thailand ("SRT"), the Company was granted the right to construct a hotel building on the sublease property from CID and to operate the hotel for the Company's benefits up to 18 December 2008. This agreement is renewable for period of 10 years each.

As at 18 December 2008 which was the expiration date of the said reciprocal agreement, the Company was required to transfer the construction on sublease land, fixtures and improvements, including part of equipment to SRT. The net book value at the expiration date of agreement was Baht 23.9 million, which resulted in the Company incurring a loss from disposal of the assets of the same amount.

On 9 December 2008, CID entered into a new land and building lease agreement of 20 years lease term with SRT. The Company then signed the memorandum of agreement with CID in order to preserve and affirm of undertaking the right to enter into the new sublease agreement with CID. The Company has to pay the guarantee deposit on land and building lease agreement of Central Plaza Hotel at Ladprao, in the amount of Baht 95 million on the day which CID entered into the lease agreement with SRT.

In 2009, the Company entered into a sublease agreement with CID ("sublessor") for the subleasing of Centara Grand at Central Plaza Ladprao Bangkok Hotel's building and hotel building improvements including durable goods for a period of 20 years. The lease will expire on 18 December 2028. The Company was required to pay the sublessor of Baht 2,556 million for the subleasing right and annual rent for the whole lease term. In addition, the Company was required to pay durable goods rental fee totalling Baht 31 million for the whole lease term. The Company recorded durable goods rental fee as asset under finance lease.

Leased assets, which the Company has renovated, improved or constructed, altered, added, maintained or rebuilt, will be transferred to SRT as soon as the said activities are completed. In addition, the Company has to return durable goods according to the list in the lease agreement in a manner which is appropriate to their condition and useful lives to SRT at the end of the lease agreement.

The Subsidiaries

Centara Grand Beach Resort Samui Project

Agreements between Central Plaza Hotel Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries and Centara Hotels & Resorts Leasehold Property Fund

On 25 September 2008, Central Plaza Hotel Public Company Limited and its subsidiary entered into agreements relating to land and hotel building of Centara Grand Beach Resort Samui Hotel with Centara Hotels & Resorts Leasehold Property Fund ("CTARAF"), in the following matters.

- 1) Central Samui Beach Resort Co., Ltd. ("CSBR") entered into the land lease agreement with CTARAF for lease the land to CTARAF for the period of 30 years commencing from the date on which both parties register the lease agreement (26 September 2008). CTARAF agreed to pay the land lease fee in the total amount of Baht 1,500 million with full payment on the date on which the lease was registered. CSBR recognised such proceeds from lease as deferred income in its financial position and amortises to income using the straight line method over the lease term of 30 years. As at 31 December 2019, the balance of deferred income was Baht 937 million (2018: Baht 987 million) in the consolidated financial statements.
- 2) Central Plaza Hotel Public Company Limited ("CPH") entered into the property lease agreement with Centara Grand Beach Resort Samui Hotel, including the utility facilities and related equipment with CTARAF in order to lease to CTARAF for the period of 30 years commencing from the date that both parties registered the lease agreement (26 September 2008). CTARAF agreed to pay the property lease fee in the total amount of Baht 1,510 million with full payment on the date on which the lease was registered. CPH recognised such proceeds from lease as deferred income in the statement of financial position in consolidated and separate financial statements and amortises to income using the straight line method over the lease term of 30 years. As at 31 December 2019, the balance of deferred income was Baht 943 million (2018: Baht 993 million).

Under the property lease agreement, CPH agreed and guaranteed that, in the period of 4 years from the registration date of lease, CTARAF would receive lease fee income from the lease assets in the amount not less than the accumulated guaranteed lease fee specified in the agreement. If CTARAF receives the accumulated lease fee income less than the accumulated guaranteed lease fee as in the agreement, CPH agreed to pay CTARAF the difference between the accumulated lease fee income of the fund and the accumulated guaranteed lease fee income.

On 1 December 2008, CPH and CSBR entered into the agreement regarding guarantee CTARAF lease fee income. CSBR as a land lessor which mutually get benefits from CTARAF on lease agreement, to be the co-guarantor in guarantee CTARAF lease fee income. In case CPH have to pay any payments to CTARAF under the above guarantee agreement, CSBR agree to pay partial guarantee payment to CPH according to the rate specified in the agreement.

If CTARAF wishes to renew the land lease agreement and building lease agreement as in No.1) and No. 2) above when the lease period was due, CTARAF has to state its intention to CSBR and CPH, depending on the case, in writing within the 26th year from the first year of the lease period and both parties negotiate and finalise the details for renewal of lease agreement within the 27th year from the first year of the lease period.

- 3) CSBR entered into the agreement for sale of furniture and equipment installed/used within Centara Grand Beach Resort Samui Hotel with CTARAF, under which CTARAF agreed to pay for rights transferring of the said furniture and equipment in the amount of Baht 80 million (including VAT) by making a full payment on the day that the rights are transferred (26 September 2008).
- 4) CTARAF entered into the sublease agreement of Centara Grand Beach Resort Samui Hotel with Central Samui Hotel Management Co., Ltd. ("CSHM") for lease the land, building and utility facility and relating equipment, and furniture and equipment to CSHM to use in operating the hotel business. The lease term is 3 years commencing from 26 September 2008. CTARAF promised to CSHM that CSHM is able to lease the assets for another 3 years from the end of the lease term. CSHM must inform CTARAF for exercise of the promised right in writing not less than 6 months before the end of the lease term to mutually negotiate a new fixed lease fee. However, CTARAF is able to exercise the right to discontinue the lease by informing CSHM in writing. According to this agreement, CSHM agreed to pay a monthly lease fee comprising of a fixed lease fee in the amount of Baht 225 million per annum and a variable lease fee at 90 percent of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation.

According to the sublease agreement and other related agreements, CSHM must comply with the conditions stipulated in the agreement such as submission of documents and other information specified in the agreement, opening and maintaining of various bank accounts including transfer of rights over the said bank accounts to CTARAF, without the increase of additional debt, selling, disposing, lease, forming a commitment in part or all of assets, lending to, investing, except for the consent in writing from CTARAF is granted.

Except in circumstance that CSHM can demonstrate to CTARAF that any event is beyond the control of or prevention by CSHM and such event has caused an adverse material impact on the operations of the hotel and such event occurs temporarily ("Temporary Force Majeure") and resulting in CSHM being unable to pay the fixed rental to CTARAF in an amount and within the due date specified in sublease agreement, CSHM shall pay rental to CTARAF in the amount equivalent to 100 percent of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA") calculated from the operations of the hotel during such period and it shall not be deemed CSHM is in default of payments.

On 24 March 2014, CSHM sent the letter of intent to exercise the right to continue lease of Centara Grand Beach Resort Samui Hotel in accordance with the renewal condition in the sublease agreement which was expired on 25 September 2014. Subsequently, on 23 September 2014, the Management Company of CTARAF informed CSHM that CTARAF and CSHM were required to mutually agree on a new fix rental rate for the renewal of the sublease agreement. The Management Company of CTARAF confirmed that new rental rate would be the same as the previous rental rate. Whereas CSHM proposed that new rental rate would be 100 percent of EBITDA. Therefore, the Management Company of CTARAF and CSHM could not agree on the new rental rate.

On 3 April 2015, the Management Company of CTARAF reported to the Stock Exchange of Thailand that CTARAF and CSHM were still unable to reach an agreement on the rental rate for the renewal of the sublease agreement, which was expired in September 2014.

On 19 May 2015, the Management Company of CTARAF reported to the Stock Exchange of Thailand that the Management Company announced the seeking of a new sublessee and invited the interested parties for bids. On 14 August 2015, the Management Company had reviewed bidding documents submitted but that the bids are not in the best interests of the Fund and/or unit holders. Thus, the Fund exercised a right to not select the bidder.

On 13 March 2017, the Management Company of CTARAF reported to the Stock Exchange of Thailand that the Management Company was searching for additional sublease proposals other than those 3 alternatives proposed in the Unitholders' Meeting on 28 October 2016 by scheduling proposals submission date on 2 May 2017.

On 28 November 2017, the Management Company of CTARAF reported to the Stock Exchange of Thailand regarding to resolutions at the Unitholders' Meeting which 1) acknowledged the report on the progress of the Management Company's implementations regarding the sublease of Centara Grand Beach Resort Samui Hotel Project 2) approved the 4th option in the proposal of the sublease of the building of Centara Grand Beach Resort Samui Hotel from CSHM, which the rental fee is fixed during the first year at Baht 168 million and increases by 3 percent for every 3 years, and will be effective from the date of the new sublease agreement until 25 September 2038, including approval of the rental fee for the period from 26 September 2014 to the date on which the Property Fund has entered into a new sublease agreement with CSHM at the rate of 100 percent of EBITDA calculated from the business operation of Centara Grand Beach Resort Samui Hotel during such period 3) approved the amendment to the Fund Scheme. The new sublease agreement as resolution of the stated unitholders' meeting has been prepared and is effective on 1 January 2018. In addition, CPH entered in to a guarantee agreement with CTARAF to guarantee the performance of CSHM under the sub-lease agreement as required by a condition of the new sub-lease agreement.

Central World Hotel Co., Ltd.

On 28 April 2005, Central World Hotel Co., Ltd. ("CWH") entered into a sublease agreement of hotel land and building with Thai Business Fund 4 ("the Fund") to develop and to operate a hotel or other related businesses. CWH is required to pay rental in advance and annual rental fee totalling Baht 1,188.8 million to the Fund up to the end of the agreement on 22 December 2032. CWH paid the rental in advance upon signing the agreement of Baht 275 million and recorded the prepayment as leasehold right in the consolidated statement of financial position. For the year ended 31 December 2019, CWH recorded rental expense of Baht 40.2 million (2018: Baht 38.3 million).

The above agreement requires the rights on buildings and constructions thereon which CWH repair and maintenance or construct on the sublease land to belong to the land owner, the Crown Property Bureau, at the date that those repairs and maintenance or construction completed.

Cosi Hotel Co., Ltd.

On 8 August 2016, Cosi Hotel Co., Ltd. ("COSI") entered into a land sublease agreement of Central Festival Samui Project with Central World Co., Ltd. ("CTW") to develop Cosi Hotel, Samui. COSI is required to pay sublease fees at Baht 62 million for the total 37 years 2 months sublease period and recorded the prepayment as leasehold right in the consolidated statement of financial position. For the year ended 31 December 2019, COSI has recorded rental expense of Baht 2.3 million (2018: Baht 2.1 million).

On 5 April 2019, Cosi Hotel Co., Ltd. ("COSI") entered into a 30-year land sublease agreement with Ploenruedee Co., Ltd. to develop Cosi Hotel, Tha Phae. COSI is required to pay a consideration of Baht 15.0 million and records the prepayment as leasehold right in the consolidated statement of financial position. In addition, COSI agrees to pay the sublease fee and management fee over the sublease term in accordance with the agreement totaling Baht 135.5 million. During the year ended 31 December 2019, COSI has recorded the lease expense of Baht 0.7 million.

Future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable leases of the Group

As at 31 December 2019 and 2018, the future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable leases were payable as follows.

	(Unit: Million					
	Consolidated		Separate			
	financial statements		financial statements		financial st	atements
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		
In up to 1 year	870	780	140	132		
In over 1 year and up to 5 years	1,895	1,693	648	612		
In over 5 years	3,778	4,060	596	772		
Total	6,543	6,533	1,384	1,516		

Long-term service agreements

The Company

On 26 September 2008, the Company entered into management agreement with Central Samui Hotel Management Co., Ltd. to manage the hotel's operations for 30 years commencing from the agreement date. The Company would receive management fee as specified in the agreement.

On 31 January 2014, the Company entered into a service agreement with Harng Central Department Store Co., Ltd. for a period of 1 year in order to receive information and various suggestions, which are beneficial to the Company. The Company agrees to pay service fee of Baht 1 million per month, the agreement is automatically renewable annually with a 5 percent increase of service fee every year.

On 1 July 2016, the Company entered into management fee agreement with Centara International Management Co., Ltd. The stated agreement shall continue effective in full force until either party terminates the agreement or ceases its business operation. Such agreement due on monthly basis term and the Company would receive management fees at the rates specified in the agreement.

On 1 January 2017, the Company entered into management fee agreements with Centara International Management (Thailand) Co., Ltd. and Centara Management Headquarters Limited. The stated agreements shall continue effective in full force until either party terminates the agreement or ceases its business operation. Such agreements due on monthly basis term and the Company would receive management fees at the rates specified in the agreements.

On 1 December 2017, the Company entered into a financial consulting and management service agreement with Central Restaurants Group Co., Ltd. ("CRG") to provide consulting service along with suggestions relevant to food business operation of CRG. The Company would receive quarterly management fee of Baht 1.25 million. Such agreement has a three-year term, commencing from 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2019, which either party has the right to terminate the agreement before such due date by informing in written notice to the other party in advance not less than 30 days.

On 28 November 2016 and 26 February 2018, the Company entered into a service agreement with Centara Management Headquarters Limited in order to receive regulatory services, order and control hotel operations under the hotel name. The agreement is effective from 1 July 2016 to 31 December 2018 and 26 November 2017 to 31 December 2018, respectively. The agreement is automatically renewable annually every year. Subsequently, on 1 November 2019, the Company renewed the service agreement with Centara Management Headquarters Limited. The agreement is effective from 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2020. The Company agrees to pay service fee at the rate specified in the agreement. The agreement is automatically renewable annually every year.

The Subsidiaries

Central Sukhontha Hotel Co., Ltd. ("CHY") has entered into a rental and services agreement with Central Department Store Co., Ltd. for a period of 30 years ending on 31 May 2024. Central Department Store Co., Ltd. agreed to lease part of CHY's building as a shopping center. Total income to CHY throughout the agreement is approximately Baht 428 million. As at 31 December 2019, the balance of deferred income was Baht 69.0 million (31 December 2018: Baht 83.3 million) in the consolidated financial statements.

On 31 January 2012, Central Restaurants Group Co., Ltd. ("CRG") entered into a service agreement with Harng Central Department Store Co., Ltd. for a period of 1 year in order to receive information and various suggestions, which are beneficial to CRG. CRG agreed to pay service fee of Baht 500,000 per month, the agreement is automatically renewable annually with a 5 percent increase of service fee every year.

On 1 January 2015, Central Restaurants Group Co., Ltd. ("CRG") entered into legal consultant service agreement with Harng Central Department Store Co., Ltd. in order to receive consultation, explanation and advice of legal matters especially for laws related to its business. The service fee is agreed to pay at Baht 73,000 per month. The agreement has a period of 1 year, commencing from 1 January 2015 to 31 December 2015, unless in practice both parties involve in consultation and advice under the intention of continuing this agreement without the renewal of the agreement. This should be considered as the beginning of the agreement in infinite period and is the right of either party to terminate the agreement, however, the advance notice of the termination should not be less than 30 days. Subsequently, on 1 July 2019, CRG renewed the service agreement with Harng Central Department Store Co., Ltd. The agreement is effective from 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2020. CRG agrees to pay service fee at Baht 77,000 per month.

On 17 April 2017, Central Restaurants Group Co., Ltd. ("CRG") entered into a service agreement with Harng Central Department Store Co., Ltd., commencing from 1 October 2016 to 31 December 2021, in order to receive finance and accounting service. The agreement is automatically renewable for 3 years each. CRG agreed to pay service fee based on specified in the agreement with a 5.7 percent increase of service fee every year.

On 1 August 2017, Central Restaurants Group Co., Ltd. ("CRG") entered into human resources management service agreement with Harng Central Department Store Co., Ltd. in order to receive human resources management service to enhance efficiency and support the growth of business by agreeing to pay service fee specified in the agreement. The agreement has a period of 1 year, commencing from 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2018. Unless either party terminate the agreement in advance not less than 30 days, this would be considered as one year renewal term with the same consent and conditions except service fee rate which both parties may reconsider.

Long-term lease and service agreements

Central Restaurants Group Co., Ltd. ("CRG") had long-term lease and service agreements with related parties for periods of 3 to 30 years up to 2023. According to the terms of the agreements, CRG has to pay monthly rental and service charges at fixed rates or at certain percentages of gross sales as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht) Consolidated financial statements 2019 2018 Operating lease commitments (only fixed rental and service fees and minimum lease payment) 394 In up to 1 year 466 In over 1 year and up to 5 years 350 228 In over 5 years 22 24 838 646 Total

Directors and management's benefits

During the years ended 31 December 2019 and 2018, the Group had employee benefit expenses payable to their directors and management as below.

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated financial statements and

	separate financial statements				
	<u>2019</u> <u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Short-term employee benefits	100	84	100	84	
Post-employment benefits	3	2	3	2	
Total	103	86	103	86	

7. Cash and cash equivalents

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Cash on hand	95,317	99,252	1,516	1,714
Cash at banks - current accounts	420,210	732,788	62,489	138,097
Cash at banks - savings accounts	502,454	219,368	-	-
Fixed deposits with maturity less than				
three-month	1,005,720	230,135	<u> </u>	-
Total	2,023,701	1,281,543	64,005	139,811

As at 31 December 2019, bank deposits carried interests between 0.13 and 1.55 percent per annum (2018: between 0.13 and 1.40 percent per annum).

8. Current investments

As at 31 December 2019 and 2018, the Company had current investments in trading securities as follows:

	(Unit: Th	(Unit: Thousand Baht)		
	Conso	idated		
	financial s	tatements		
	<u>2019</u>	2018		
Fixed deposits with maturity within six-month	787,939	898,690		
Total	787,939	898,690		

As at 31 December 2019, fixed deposits carried interests between 1.45 and 1.80 percent per annum (2018: between 1.50 and 1.75 percent per annum).

9. Trade and other receivables

			(Unit: Th	ousand Baht)
	Consoli	dated	Separ	ate
_	financial sta	atements	financial sta	atements
	<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>	2018
Trade accounts receivable - unrelated parties				
Aged on the basis of due dates				
Not yet due	241,512	280,978	51,969	68,074
Past due				
Not over 3 months	62,006	96,717	16,699	20,462
3 - 6 months	9,989	18,054	313	61
6 - 12 months	3,069	18,559	85	12,928
Over 12 months	11,434	11,989	4,158	762
Total trade accounts receivable - unrelated				
parties	328,010	426,297	73,224	102,287
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	(14,689)	(12,664)	(4,074)	(4,981)
Total trade accounts receivable -				
unrelated parties, net	313,321	413,633	69,150	97,306
Trade accounts receivable - net	313,321	413,633	69,150	97,306
Other receivables				
Other receivables - related parties	20,081	21,549	41,769	37,274
Other receivables - unrelated parties	358,764	347,723	21,677	57,316
Prepaid expenses	71,202	73,404	22,299	22,611
Prepayment purchase of goods	1,136	7,120	<u> </u>	-
Total other receivables	451,183	449,796	85,745	117,201
Total trade and other receivables - net	764,504	863,429	154,895	214,507

The normal credit terms granted by the Group ranges from 30 days to 45 days.

10. Inventories

			(Unit: Th	ousand Baht)
	Consol	idated	Separ	ate
	financial st	tatements	financial sta	atements
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Food and beverage	76,072	80,233	17,213	16,798
Raw materials	488,794	489,959	-	-
Work in process	18,994	5,829	-	-
Finished goods	8,421	7,972	-	-
Operating supplies	268,741	248,562	10,943	10,515
Others	14,737	14,795	1,241	1,367
	875,759	847,350	29,397	28,680
Less: Allowance for obsolete stock	(4,267)	(2,531)	<u>-</u>	-
Net	871,492	844,819	29,397	28,680
Inventories recognised as an expense in 'cost of sales':				
- Cost	5,155,621	5,116,590	290,594	311,887
- Write-down to net realisable value				
(reversal of)	1,736	(76)	-	-

11. Other current assets

Net

			(Unit: Thousand Baht)				
	Consoli	dated	Separ	ate			
_	financial st	atements	financial sta	atements			
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>			
Withholding income tax and value added tax							
receivable	154,972	118,049	26,516	30,823			
Undue input tax	57,651	42,394	2,515	3,833			
Others	961	350	138	-			
Total other current assets	213,584	160,793	29,169	34,656			

5,157,357

5,116,514

290,594

311,887

12. Investment in an associate

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consoli	dated	Separ	ate
	financial sta	atements	financial sta	atements
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Associate				
At 1 January	533,619	526,615	527,635	526,614
Share of profit of investment in an associate	31,004	35,387	-	-
Unit redeemed	(16,754)	(4,055)	(16,754)	(4,055)
Dividend income	(23,744)	(24,328)	-	-
Allowance for loss on impairment decrease		-	7,258	5,076
At 31 December	524,125	533,619	518,139	527,635

There were no acquisition and disposal of investment in an associate during the year ended 31 December 2019.

Investment in an associate as at 31 December 2019 and 2018, and dividend income for the years then ended, were as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

							Consolidated finance	cial statements				2018 44 24,328
	Natures of	Country of							Carrying amour	nts based on	Dividend re	eceived
Company's name	business	incorporation	Shareholding percentage 2019 2018		Paid-up capital		Cost		equity method		during the year	
			<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>	2018	2019	2018	<u>2019</u>	2018
			(Percent)	(Percent)								
Centara Hotels & Resorts	Property fund	Thai	25.3	25.3	2,978,368	3,044,480	753,937	770,691	524,125	533,619	23,744	24,328
Leasehold Property Fund												
Total							753,937	770,691	524,125	533,619	23,744	24,328

As at 31 December 2019, the closing price of Centara Hotels & Resorts Leasehold Property Fund was Baht 5.70 (2018: Baht 4.72). The fair value of investment in Centara Hotels & Resorts Leasehold Property Fund was Baht 462 million (2018: Baht 383 million).

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

				Separate financial statements										
	Natures of	Country of							Allowance for it	mpairment of	Carrying amour	nts based on	Dividend re	eceived
Company's name	business	incorporation	Shareholding percentage		Paid-up capital		Cost		investments		equity method		during the year	
			2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	<u>2019</u>	2018	2019	2018
			(Percent)	(Percent)										
Centara Hotels &	Property fund	Thai	25.3	25.3	2,978,368	3,044,480	753,937	770,691	(235,798)	(243,056)	518,139	527,635	23,744	24,328
Resorts Leasehold														
Property Fund														
Total							753,937	770,691	(235,798)	(243,056)	518,139	527,635	23,744	24,328

The Company set up impairment loss on investment in an associate by considering from the net asset value of the property fund.

13. Investments in subsidiaries

13.1 Details of investments in subsidiaries as presented in separate financial statements are as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Dividend received

	Allowance to impaintent								Dividend	Dividend received		
Company's name	Paid-up	capital	Shareholding	percentage	Со	st	loss		Cost	- net	during the y 2019 174,200 10,500 - 94,648 210,000 - 37,500	e years
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
			(Percent)	(Percent)								
Direct subsidiaries												
Central Samui Beach Resort Co., Ltd.	670,000	670,000	100	100	814,383	814,383	-	-	814,383	814,383	174,200	194,300
Central Karon Village Co., Ltd.	37,500	37,500	100	100	76,500	76,500	-	-	76,500	76,500	10,500	9,375
Central Krabi Bay Resort Co., Ltd.	500,000	500,000	100	100	500,000	500,000	-	-	500,000	500,000	-	-
Central Hua Hin Beach Resort Co., Ltd.	185,000	185,000	63.9	63.9	198,905	198,905	-	-	198,905	198,905	94,648	112,395
Central World Hotel Co., Ltd.	1,800,000	1,800,000	100	100	1,800,000	1,800,000	-	-	1,800,000	1,800,000	-	-
Central Koh Kood Hotel Co., Ltd.	120,000	120,000	100	100	120,000	120,000	-	-	120,000	120,000	-	-
Central Hotel Management Co., Ltd.	250,000	250,000	100	100	250,000	250,000	-	-	250,000	250,000	-	-
Central Restaurants Group Co., Ltd.	620,000	620,000	100	100	669,607	669,607	-	-	669,607	669,607	210,000	277,000
Triplenine Decor Co., Ltd.	80,000	80,000	100	100	80,000	80,000	-	-	80,000	80,000	-	-
Central Samui Hotel Management Co.,												
Ltd.	1,250	1,250	100	100	1,250	1,250	(1,250)	(1,250)	-	-	-	-
Centara International Management Co.,												
Ltd.	150,000	150,000	100	100	150,000	150,000	-	-	150,000	150,000	37,500	187,500
S.P. Realty Had Farang Resort Co.,												
Ltd.	88,500	88,500	100	100	88,500	88,500	-	-	88,500	88,500	-	-
S.P. Realty Pattaya Beach Co., Ltd.	80,000	80,000	100	100	80,000	80,000	-	-	80,000	80,000	-	-
Refresh Zone Co., Ltd.	1,000	1,000	100	100	1,000	1,000	(1,000)	(1,000)	-	-	-	-

Allowance for impairment

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

							Allowance for	impairment			Dividend	received
Company's name	Paid-up	Paid-up capital		percentage	Cos	st	loss	3	Cost -	net	during the years	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
			(Percent)	(Percent)								
Direct subsidiaries (continued)												
Central Bangkok Convention &												
Exhibition Co., Ltd.	1,000	1,000	100	100	1,000	1,000	-	-	1,000	1,000	-	-
Centara International Management												
(Thailand) Co., Ltd.	25,000	25,000	100	100	25,000	25,000	-	-	25,000	25,000	9,000	-
Karon Phuket Hotel Co., Ltd.	520,000	520,000	99.3	99.3	479,187	479,187	-	-	479,187	479,187	82,624	77,460
Cosi Hotel Co., Ltd.	500,000	171,000	100	100	500,000	171,000	-	-	500,000	171,000	-	-
Centara Import-Export Co., Ltd.	1,000	1,000	100	100	1,000	1,000	-	-	1,000	1,000	-	-
Cosi Hotel Management Co., Ltd.	1,250	1,250	100	100	1,250	1,250	-	-	1,250	1,250	-	-
Centara Loyalty Marketing Co., Ltd.	12,500	12,500	100	100	12,500	12,500	-	-	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500
Centara Learning Centre Co., Ltd.	2,500	2,500	100	100	2,500	2,500	-	-	2,500	2,500	-	-
Kata Phuket Hotel Co., Ltd.	120,000	120,000	99	99	170,000	170,000	-	-	170,000	170,000	23,760	29,700
Centara Management Headquarter												
Limited	210,000	210,000	100	100	210,000	210,000	-	-	210,000	210,000	331,200	324,300
Central South Pattaya Co., Ltd.	1,000	-	100	-	1,000	-	-	-	1,000	-	-	

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

						Dividend received						
Company's name	Paid-up	capital	Shareholding	percentage	Cos	st	loss	3	Cost	- net	during th	ie years
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019 (Percent)	2018 (Percent)	2019	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Indirect subsidiaries												
Central Sukhontha Hotel Co., Ltd.	145,000	145,000	100	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central Samui Village Co., Ltd.	55,000	55,000	100	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central Mae Sot Hill Hotel Co., Ltd.	190,000	190,000	98.4	98.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CRG Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	160,000	160,000	100	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central Laundry Services Co., Ltd.	1,500	1,500	100	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CRG International Food Co., Ltd.	179,760	179,760	100	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
S.P. Realty Lanta Beach Co., Ltd.	36,000	36,000	100	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Centara Maldives Pvt. Ltd.	797,223	797,223	75	75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
R.M.L. Leisure Pvt. Ltd.	483,886	483,886	74	74	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Centara (Shanghai) Hotel Management												
Co., Ltd.	65,696	62,257	100	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CIM for Hotel Management Egypt,												
S.A.E.	577	577	100	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Centara Capital Limited	782,434	74,807	100	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lagoon Assets Private Limited	1,070	1,070	100	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Centara Singapore Private Limited	30,285	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Centara Lagoon Private Limited	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Centara Japan Capital Godo Kaisha	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central Restaurants Group (HK) Limited	-	-	100	-					-	<u> </u>		
Total					6,233,582	5,903,582	(2,250)	(2,250)	6,231,332	5,901,332	985,932	1,224,530

13.2 Details of investments in subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests

							(Unit: Tho	ousand Baht)
	Proportion	n of equity			Profit alloca	ted to non-	Dividend pa	aid to non-
	interest	held by	Accumulate	d balance of	controlling	interests	controlling	interests
Company's name	non-controll	ing interests	non-control	ling interests	during th	ne years	during the years	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
	(Percent)	(Percent)						
Subsidiary directly held by the Company								
Central Hua Hin Beach Resort Co., Ltd.	36.05	36.05	79,728	94,261	38,820	48,037	(62,564)	(63,355)
Subsidiary companies hold by Centara International								
Management Co., Ltd.								
Centara Maldives Pvt. Ltd.	25.00	25.00	218,342	234,857	31,166	34,085	(31,282)	(32,965)
R.M.L. Leisure Pvt. Ltd.	26.00	26.00	37,500	50,482	(5,682)	13,640	-	-

13.3 Summarised financial information that based on amounts before inter-company elimination about subsidiaries that have material non-controlling

Summarised information about financial position

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

							Other mai	vidually				
	Central Hua	Hin Beach	Centara I	Maldives	R.M.L. Lei	sure Pvt.	immate	erial	Intra-ç	group		
	Resort C	o., Ltd.	Pvt. l	_td.	Lto	d	subsidi	aries	elimina	ations	То	otal
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2018	2019	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Non-controlling interests percentage	36.05	36.05	25	25	26	26						
Current assets	258,267	276,382	183,702	229,480	108,684	171,186						
Non-current assets	84,946	104,472	988,099	1,182,884	1,006,916	1,210,344						
Current liabilities	(99,706)	(101,330)	(172,232)	(265,179)	(584,332)	(606,110)						
Non-current liabilities	(22,349)	(18,051)	(126,200)	(207,758)	(387,038)	(581,260)						
Net assets	221,158	261,473	873,369	939,427	144,230	194,160						
Carrying amount of non-controlling												
interests	79,728	94,261	218,342	234,857	37,500	50,482	7,179	7,356	130,568	130,568	473,317	517,524

Other individually

Summarised information about comprehensive income

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

							Other indi	vidually				
	Central Hua I	Hin Beach	Centara M	laldives	R.M.L. Leis	ure Pvt.	immat	erial	Intra-	group		
	Resort Co	o., Ltd.	Pvt. Lt	td.	Ltd.		subsidi	aries	elimin	ations	Tota	al
	2019	2018	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenue	630,273	632,856	729,219	760,327	750,406	866,635						
Profit (loss)	107,685	133,250	124,666	136,339	(21,852)	52,460						
Other comprehensive income			(65,597)	(2,432)	(28,077)	4,219						
Total comprehensive income	107,685	133,250	59,069	133,907	(49,929)	56,679						
Profit (loss) attributable to non-controlling												
interests	38,820	48,037	31,166	34,085	(5,682)	13,640	638	915	-	-	64,942	96,677
Other comprehensive income attributable to												
non-controlling interests		<u>-</u>	(16,399)	(608)	(7,300)	1,097	-	-	-	-	(23,699)	489

Summarised information about cash flows

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

							Other indi	vidually				
	Central Hua H	lin Beach	Centara M	laldives	R.M.L. Leis	ure Pvt.	immat	erial	Intra-	group		
	Resort Co	o., Ltd.	Pvt. L	td.	Ltd	·	subsidi	aries	elimin	ations	Tota	al
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2018	2019	<u>2018</u>	2019	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Cash flows from operating activities	133,841	197,725	344,830	251,624	125,161	196,045						
Cash flows used in investing activities	11,445	(20,975)	(37,746)	(27,012)	(45,723)	(67,275)						
Cash flows used in financing activities	(148,000)	(175,050)	(273,075)	(261,416)	(114,585)	(155,154)						
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash												
equivalents	(2,714)	1,700	34,009	(36,804)	(35,147)	(26,384)	(7,362)	10,088	-	-	(11,214)	(51,400)

13.4 Changes in investments in subsidiaries held by the Group

13.4.1 Additionally call-up share capital of subsidiaries held by the Company

On 30 April 2018, the Annual General Meeting of shareholders of Cosi Hotel Co., Ltd. (subsidiary) passed a resolution to increase its registered share capital from Baht 30 million (0.3 million ordinary shares of Baht 100 each) to Baht 500 million (5 million ordinary shares of Baht 100 each) by issuing 4.7 million ordinary shares with par value of Baht 100. The Subsidiary registered the share capital increase with the Ministry of Commerce on 2 May 2018. This incremental registered share capital is 30 percent call-up or equivalent to Baht 141 million.

On 17 June 2019, the Company paid for the additional called-up ordinary shares of Baht 329 million to Cosi Hotel Co., Ltd. (subsidiary). As a result, the total paid-up share capital of the subsidiary as at 31 December 2019 is Baht 500 million.

13.4.2 Additionally call-up share capital of subsidiaries held by subsidiary companies

On 9 March 2018, Centara International Management Co., Ltd. (a subsidiary) made payment of Baht 6 million for 20 percent called up of the additional registered capital of Centara (Shanghai) Hotel Management Co., Ltd., an indirect subsidiary of the Group. Subsequently, on 6 July 2018, the subsidiary made another payment of Baht 7.5 million for 25 percent of called up of additional registered capital of such indirect subsidiary of the Group. As at 31 December 2018, the indirect subsidiary of the Group had fully called up and received payment for the additional registered capital. Subsequently, on 11 October 2019, the subsidiary made another payment of Bath 3.4 million for 13 percent of called up of additional registered capital.

On 16 January 2019, the Board of Directors of Centara Management Headquarters Limited (subsidiary) passed a resolution approving an increase in the registered capital of Centara Capital Limited, an indirect subsidiary of the Company, with the subsidiary to additionally invested in 100 percent of the newly issued capital, amounting to Baht 707.63 million. The subsidiary made a full payment for the additional ordinary share capital in February 2019.

13.4.3 Establishment of new subsidiaries

Regarding the resolution of a subsidiary's Board of Directors meeting, the subsidiary established Centara Singapore Private Limited with the registered capital of USD 7 million, comprising 7 million ordinary shares of USD 1 each, in which the subsidiary holds 100 percent interest. This subsidiary registered its establishment with the Ministry of Commerce on 30 September 2019 and called for capital payment amounting to USD 1 million.

Regarding the resolution of the Company's Board of Directors, the Company established Central South Pattaya Co., Ltd. with the registered capital of Bath 1 million, comprising 0.1 million ordinary shares of Bath 10 each, in which the Company holds 100 percent interest. This subsidiary registered its establishment with the Ministry of Commerce on 1 October 2019 and called for capital payment amounting to Baht 1 million.

Regarding the resolution of a subsidiary's Board of Directors, the subsidiary established Central Restaurants Group (HK) Limited with the registered capital of HKD 1, in which the subsidiary holds 100 percent interest. This subsidiary registered its establishment with the Ministry of Commerce on 27 November 2019.

Regarding the resolution of a subsidiary's Board of Directors, the subsidiary established Centara Lagoon Private Limited with the registered capital of USD 10 million, comprising 10 million ordinary shares of USD 1 each, in which the subsidiary holds 100 percent interest. This subsidiary registered its establishment with the Ministry of Commerce on 8 December 2019.

Regarding the resolution of a subsidiary's Board of Directors, the subsidiary established Centara Japan Capital Godo Kaisha with the registered capital of JPY 100 million, in which the subsidiary holds 100 percent interest. This subsidiary registered its establishment with the Ministry of Commerce on 16 December 2019 and called for capital payment amounting to JPY 1,000.

13.5 Impairment testing for investments in subsidiaries which consisted of impairment indicators

For the purpose of impairment testing for investments in subsidiaries, the Group determined the recoverable amount based on its value in use, determined by discounting the future cash flows to be generated from the continuing operations of each subsidiary by reference to 5 - 34 years of financial budgeted forecasts.

The assigned assumptions were from the management's assessment by considering the historical results and available comparable industry data, and other market factors. The key assumptions used in the estimation of the recoverable amount included discount rate, growth rate of revenue, room rate, growth rate of average room rate and occupancy rate applied to the forecasted cash flows in the model. The management's assessment of the value in use is judgemental in nature because its forecasted results is based on current economic situation while future economic outcomes is uncertain.

14. Investment in joint ventures

14.1 Details of investment in joint ventures

Investment in joint ventures represent investment in entity which is jointly controlled by the Company and another company. Details of these investment are as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

			Consolidated financial statements Carrying amounts based										
Joint ventures	Natures of business	Shareholding percentage		on equity method		Long-term loans		Total					
		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>				
		(Percent)	(Percent)										
Nakheel CT Deira Islands Hotel- FZCO	Hotel	40	40	1,661	1,887	777,893	392,238	779,554	394,125				
Green Food Factory Co., Ltd.	Food and beverage	51	-	135,622		<u>-</u>		135,622	_				
Total				137,283	1,887	777,893	392,238	915,176	394,125				

In 2016, Centara Capital Limited (a foreign indirectly-held subsidiary) entered into a joint venture agreement and established Nakheel CT Deira Islands Hotel - FZCO to operate a hotel business in 2017. The subsidiary's shareholding was 40 percent of issued and paid-up capital, equivalent to Baht 1.9 million. Any decision made on related activities must be approved by the joint venturers.

In 2019, Central Restaurants Group Co., Ltd. (subsidiary) entered into a joint venture agreement and established Green Food Factory Co., Ltd. to operate food and beverage business in 2019. The subsidiary's shareholding was 51 percent of issued and paid-up capital 137 million. Any decision made on related activities must be approved by the joint ventures.

Loans to joint venture

On 28 September 2017, Centara Capital Limited (a foreign indirectly-held subsidiary) entered into a loan agreement with Nakheel CT Deira Islands Hotel - FZCO (joint venture). The subsidiary will provide loans to the joint venture for land acquisition, hotel construction, and other purposes specified in the joint venture agreement, as notified from time to time, in proportion to its shareholding. The loans carry interest at a rate specified in the agreement and full repayment of principal, together with interest, is to be made within 2115.

Movements during the years ended 31 December 2019 and 2018 of loans to joint venture were as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Consolidate financial

_	Interes	st rate	stater	ment
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
	(Percent)	(Percent)		
Joint venture				
At 1 January			392,238	95,042
Addition	7.1 - 7.9	6.5 - 7.8	422,136	297,196
Effect on exchange rate			(36,481)	
At 31 December			777,893	392,238

14.2 Share of comprehensive income

During the years, the Company recognised its share of comprehensive income from investment in the joint venture in the consolidated financial statements as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated finan	Consolidated financial statements				
	Share of loss from investment					
Joint ventures	joint ventures du	ring the years				
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>				
Nakheel CT Deira Islands Hotel- FZCO	(226)	-				
Green Food Factory Co., Ltd.	(1,378)	-				
Total	(1,604)					

14.3 Summarised financial information about material joint ventures

Summarised information about financial position

	(Unit: T	housand Baht)
	Nakheel CT [Deira Islands
	Hotel-	FZCO
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	443	139,531
Other receivables	204,143	859,231
Work in process	2,677,039	420,205
Other payables	(945,283)	(442,457)
Net assets	1,936,342	976,510
Shareholding percentage	40%	40%
Share of net assets	774,537	390,604
Elimination entries	-	
Carrying amounts of joint venture based on equity method	774,537	390,604

Summarised information about comprehensive income

Other payables

Net assets

Other current liabilities

Shareholding percentage

Carrying amounts of joint venture based on equity method

Share of net assets

Elimination entries

	(Unit: T	housand Baht)
	For the ye	ars ended
	31 Dec	ember
	Nakheel CT I	Deira Islands
	Hotel-	FZCO
	<u>2019</u>	2018
Other income	272	227
Administrative expenses	(829)	(64)
Finance cost	(9)	(2)
Profit (loss) for the years	(566)	161
Total comprehensive income for the years	(566)	161
Shareholding percentage	40%	40%
Share of loss for the years	(226)	-
Elimination entries		
Share of loss from investment in joint venture for the years	(226)	
Summarised information about financial position		
	(Unit:	Thousand Baht)
		Green Food
		Factory
		Co., Ltd.
		<u>2019</u>
Cash and cash equivalents		38,362
Other receivables		2,683
Inventories		3,726
Other current assets		676
Equipment and work in process		29,422
Other non-current assets		4,566

(14,337)

(3,080)

62,018

31,629

31,629

51%

Summarised information about comprehensive income

(Unit: Thousand Baht) For the years ended 31 December Green Food Factory Co., Ltd. 2019 Revenues 13,737 Cost of sales (7,820)Administrative expense (8,619)Loss for the year (2,702)Total comprehensive income for the year (2,702)Shareholding percentage 51% Share of loss for the year (1,378)Elimination entries Share of loss from investment in joint venture for the year (1,378)

15. Investment properties

			(Unit: Th	ousand Baht)
	Consol	idated	Sepa	rate
_	financial st	tatements	financial sta	atements
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Cost				
At 1 January	267,560	267,560	367,490	367,490
At 31 December	267,560	267,560	367,490	367,490
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 January	(120,671)	(117,515)	(129,427)	(116,507)
Depreciation charge for the year	(3,155)	(3,156)	(12,919)	(12,920)
At 31 December	(123,826)	(120,671)	(142,346)	(129,427)
Net book value				
At 1 January	146,889	150,045	238,063	250,983
At 31 December	143,734	146,889	225,144	238,063

The fair value of investment properties in consolidated and separate financial statements as at 31 December 2019 of Baht 1,287 million and Baht 1,002 million, respectively (2018: Baht 1,287 million and Baht 1,022 million, respectively) were determined by independent professional valuers, by using the income method, determined by discounted cash flow using risk-adjusted discount rates. Inputs used in the fair value measurement are consisted of expected market rental fee growth and average rental fee. The fair value measurement for investment properties has been categorised as a Level 3 fair value.

16. Property, plant and equipment

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

				C	Consolidated fina	incial statemen	nts			
					Furniture,					
			Buildings and	Machinery	fixtures and	Hotel				
		Land	building	and	office	operating	Leasehold		Construction	
	Land	improvements	improvements	equipment	equipment	equipment	improvements	Vehicles	in progress	Total
Cost										
1 January 2018	2,418,572	757,768	16,604,702	6,924,195	3,278,089	491,742	824,015	215,703	275,718	31,790,504
Additions	-	655	420,278	267,637	148,794	85,652	2,480	16,193	529,699	1,471,388
Transfer in/(out)	-	28,190	59,571	53,025	16,083	16	25,925	3,115	(203,344)	(17,419)
Disposals	-	-	(258,775)	(93,566)	(36,027)	(49,427)	(3,814)	(12,121)	(14,257)	(467,987)
Effect of movements in										
exchange rates	-	(236)	(12,303)	(3,799)	(2,025)	(293)	(9,558)	(564)	(694)	(29,472)
31 December 2018	2,418,572	786,377	16,813,473	7,147,492	3,404,914	527,690	839,048	222,326	587,122	32,747,014
Additions	-	6,224	448,747	307,684	128,760	71,884	19,311	8,630	1,012,992	2,004,232
Transfer in/(out)	-	3,265	215,689	149,735	90,080	109	70,732	1,250	(551,586)	(20,726)
Disposals	-	(485)	(346,359)	(96,094)	(49,126)	(50,126)	(398)	(6,233)	(7,082)	(555,903)
Effect of movements in										
exchange rates	_	(2,381)	(173,624)	(47,244)	(20,003)	(4,316)	-	(1,627)	18,715	(230,480)
31 December 2019	2,418,572	793,000	16,957,926	7,461,573	3,554,625	545,241	928,693	224,346	1,060,161	33,944,137

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

				C	Consolidated fina	ncial statemen	its			
					Furniture,					
			Buildings and	Machinery	fixtures and	Hotel				
		Land	building	and	office	operating	Leasehold		Construction	
	Land	improvements	improvements	equipment	equipment	equipment	improvements	Vehicles	in progress	Total
Accumulated depreciation										
and impairment losses										
1 January 2018	-	357,024	6,399,332	4,377,340	2,011,251	-	351,587	150,245	532	13,647,311
Depreciation for the year	-	29,769	856,330	452,867	214,978	-	49,174	13,761	-	1,616,879
Reversal of impairment losses	-	-	(10,485)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,485)
Transfer in/(out)	-	-	(1,039)	(567)	1,606	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	(243,282)	(84,193)	(33,446)	-	(1,101)	(11,655)	-	(373,677)
Effect of movements in										
exchange rates		(37)	(4,425)	(1,323)	(1,034)		<u> </u>	(82)		(6,901)
31 December 2018	-	386,756	6,996,431	4,744,124	2,193,355	-	399,660	152,269	532	14,873,127
Depreciation for the year	-	33,550	840,887	451,723	217,273	-	49,394	14,329	-	1,607,156
Impairment losses	-	-	23,391	-	151	-	-	-	-	23,542
Transfer in/(out)	-	-	811	(66)	(745)	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals/write-off	-	(382)	(315,371)	(91,671)	(47,004)	-	(398)	(4,847)	-	(459,673)
Effect of movements in										
exchange rates		(546)	(62,390)	(18,858)	(14,312)		15	(1,152)		(97,243)
31 December 2019		419,378	7,483,759	5,085,252	2,348,718		448,671	160,599	532	15,946,909
Net book value										
31 December 2018	2,418,572	399,621	9,817,042	2,403,368	1,211,559	527,690	439,388	70,057	586,590	17,873,887
31 December 2019	2,418,572	373,622	9,474,167	2,376,321	1,205,907	545,241	480,022	63,747	1,059,629	17,997,228
Depreciation for the year										
2018										1,616,879
2019										1,607,156

The gross amount of the Group' fully depreciated property, plant and equipment that was still in use as at 31 December 2019 amounted to Baht 6,793 million (2018: Baht 5,461 million).

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

					Furniture,					
			Buildings and	Machinery	fixtures and	Hotel				
		Land	building	and	office	operating	Leasehold		Construction	
	Land	improvements	improvements	equipment	equipment	equipment	improvements	Vehicles	in progress	Total
Cost										
1 January 2018	774,987	299,639	2,101,258	1,176,716	541,767	149,340	812,105	69,883	45,583	5,971,278
Additions	-	-	5,343	24,675	9,156	26,140	2,437	6,518	76,777	151,046
Transfer in/(out)	-	6,066	-	16,970	269	-	25,927	-	(50,032)	(800)
Disposals				(4,149)	(2,109)	(16,652)	(3,814)	(870)		(27,594)
31 December 2018	774,987	305,705	2,106,601	1,214,212	549,083	158,828	836,655	75,531	72,328	6,093,930
Additions	-	1,847	3,837	34,528	7,753	20,914	19,310	-	152,024	240,213
Transfer in/(out)	-	3,265	8,087	16,086	12,472	-	70,733	-	(112,489)	(1,846)
Disposals/write-off			(138)	(13,723)	(2,635)	(15,358)	(398)	(1,270)		(33,522)
31 December 2019	774,987	310,817	2,118,387	1,251,103	566,673	164,384	926,300	74,261	111,863	6,298,775

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements									
					Furniture,					
			Buildings and	Machinery	fixtures and	Hotel				
		Land	building	and	office	operating	Leasehold		Construction	
	Land	improvements	improvements	equipment	equipment	equipment	improvements	Vehicles	in progress	Total
Accumulated depreciation										
1 January 2018	-	133,813	392,091	617,064	368,799	-	346,891	53,072	-	1,911,730
Depreciation for the year	-	15,755	38,773	72,468	37,448	-	51,982	3,481	-	219,907
Disposals		-	(3)	(3,628)	(1,991)		(1,102)	(864)		(7,588)
31 December 2018	-	149,568	430,861	685,904	404,256	-	397,771	55,689	-	2,124,049
Depreciation for the year	-	15,445	39,132	72,292	32,568	-	48,977	3,379	-	211,793
Disposals/write-off		-	(44)	(12,438)	(2,233)		(398)	(757)		(15,870)
31 December 2019		165,013	469,949	745,758	434,591		446,350	58,311		2,319,972
Net book value										
31 December 2018	774,987	156,137	1,675,740	528,308	144,827	158,828	438,884	19,842	72,328	3,969,881
31 December 2019	774,987	145,804	1,648,438	505,345	132,082	164,384	479,950	15,950	111,863	3,978,803
Depreciation for the year										
2018										219,907
2019										211,793

The gross amount of the Company's fully depreciated property, plant and equipment that was still in use as at 31 December 2019 amounted to Baht 700 million (2018: Baht 295 million).

Central Restaurants Group Co., Ltd. ("CRG") entered into agreements with several local banks to obtain various short-term credit facility lines. Under the term of the agreements, CRG shall not dispose, pledge or mortgage the existing or future property and leasehold rights in an amount over the agreed amount stated in the agreements without consent from the banks.

According to sublease agreement of Centara Grand at Central Plaza Ladprao Bangkok (formerly Sofitel Centara Grand Bangkok) Hotel, leased assets which the Company has renovated, improved or constructed, altered, added, maintained or rebuilt, will be transferred to the State of Railway of Thailand.

According to land lease agreement of Hua Hin Railway Hotel, hotel buildings and premises including the additional fixtures of a subsidiary, Central Hua Hin Beach Resort Co., Ltd., will be transferred to the State Railway of Thailand.

In respect to the hotel buildings, constructions and fixtures thereon of a subsidiary, Central World Hotel Co., Ltd. ("CWH"), the rights on buildings and constructions thereon which CWH repair and maintenance or construct on the sub-lease land will be transferred to the land owner, the Crown Property Bureau. As at 31 December 2019, the net book value of assets under sub-lease land agreement was Baht 1,868 million (2018: Baht 2,014 million).

17. Goodwill

Movements of the goodwill account during the years ended 31 December 2019 and 2018 were summarised below.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)		
Consolidated financial		
statements		
<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
314,602	314,602	
314,602	314,602	
	Consolidate staten 2019 314,602	

Goodwill arising from the acquisition of Central Restaurants Group Co., Ltd. and indirect interest in CRG International Food Co., Ltd. are Baht 115 million and Baht 199 million, respectively. The Group have reviewed for impairment of goodwill annually.

CGU

The recoverable amount of this CGU was based on its value in use, determined by discounting the future cash flows to be generated from the continuing use of the CGU. The recoverable amount of the CGU was determined to be higher than the carrying amount.

The key assumptions used in the estimation of value in use were as follows.

		Consolidated financial statements					
	Central R	estaurants	CRG Inte	ernational			
	Group (Co., Ltd.	Food Co., Ltd.				
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>			
	(Percent)	(Percent)	(Percent)	(Percent)			
Growth rate							
Year 1 - 5	10 - 11	11 - 13	4 - 10	5 - 10			
After year 5	-	-	-	-			
Gross margin	64	64	70	69			
Discount rate	9.9	10.7	9.9	10.7			

Five years of cash flows were included in the discounted cash flow model. The growth rate used was consistent with the industry forecasts. Gross margin was based on past performance and its expectations of market development. The discount rate was a post-tax measure estimated based on the weighted average cost of capital of the Group and average rate of the industry in which the Group operated.

18. Leasehold rights

A reconciliation of the net book value of leasehold rights as at 31 December 2019 and 2018 was presented below.

		(Unit: ¹				
	Consoli	Consolidated		rate		
	financial st	financial statements		atements		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		
At 1 January	1,941,087	2,103,218	1,192,617	1,240,229		
Additions	179,330	183,285	131,880	124,981		
Effect of movements in exchange rates	(6,571)	(2,196)	-	-		
Disposal	-	(2,025)	-	-		
Amortisation charge for the year	(337,257)	(341,195)	(180,196)	(172,593)		
At 31 December	1,776,589	1,941,087	1,144,301	1,192,617		

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- 1) A subsidiary acquired leasehold right of Lagoon in Republic of Maldives totaling of Baht 365 million during 2017.
- During 2017, the Company entered into lease agreement, purchase of durable assets agreement, and rights to use public area agreement with Dhanarak Asset Development Co, Ltd. ("DAD") in the duration according to the agreements, commencing from 26 November 2017 to 30 June 2038, without extension period. The Company as a partner has been granted leasehold rights in the private partnership project for leasehold rights of buildings and convention centre and hotel at The Government Complex Commemorating His Majesty The King's 80th Birthday Anniversary, 5th December, B.E. 2550 (the "Project") from DAD to operate convention centre and hotel including businesses and other relevant activities under conditions, requirements, and scopes in the agreements.

In the consideration thereof, the Company agreed to pay one-time partnership fee throughout the lease term to DAD in the amount of Baht 1,179.7 million upon the date of signing agreement. Fee is divided into fee for leasing of the Project's area totalling Baht 452.9 million and fee for using the Project's assets totalling Baht 726.8 million (including VAT), including purchase of assets which were operating equipment and inventories totalling Baht 17.1 million (including VAT).

Assets, which the Company has maintained, renovated, developed on building and construction, area of the Project and assets of the Project, will be transferred to DAD immediately when the said construction, developing, replacing, being used, revising are completed.

19. Intangible assets

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Computer software License agreements Deferred initial fees Total Cost 7 January 2018 285,708 239,926 425,029 950,663 Additions 33,926 - 76,089 110,015 Transfer in 17,419 - - 17,419 Write-off (29,824) - (8,520) (39,344) Effect of movements in exchange rates (6,842) - - 6,842 31 December 2018 300,387 239,926 492,598 1,032,911 Additions 35,289 - 5,765 86,054 Transfer in 20,726 - - 20,758 Write-off (341) - (78,646) (78,987) Effect of movements in exchange rates (1,408) - - - (1,408) Accumulated amortisation 17,158 239,926 464,717 1,059,296 Accumulated mortisation 17,158 23,991 38,143 79,292 Impairment loss from discontinued branches		Consolidated financial statements				
Cost		Computer	License	Deferred initial		
1 January 2018 285,708 239,926 425,029 950,663 Additions 33,926 - 76,089 110,015 Transfer in 17,419 - 76,089 174,1419 Write-off (29,824) - 76,089 138,344 Effect of movements in exchange rates (6,842) - 76,089 1,032,911 Additions 35,289 - 76,0765 86,054 Transfer in 20,726 - 76,064 76,867 Effect of movements in exchange rates (1,408) - 76,0765 86,054 Transfer in 20,726 - 76,646 76,887 Effect of movements in exchange rates (1,408) - 76,0765 1,032,976 Accumulated amortisation 10,000 - 76,000 1,000 January 2018 232,294 151,955 177,132 561,381 Amortisation 17,158 23,991 38,143 79,292 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (21) - 76,000 (1,786) (1,807) Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (30,086) - 76,000 (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) - 76,000 (4,859) 31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - 76,000 (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) 2,394 - 76,000 (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) - 76,000 (1,098) (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 10,000 10,000 2,000		software	agreements	fees	Total	
Additions 33,926 - 76,089 110,015 Transfer in 17,419 - - 17,419 Write-off (29,824) - (8,520) (38,344) Effect of movements in exchange rates (6,842) - - (6,842) 31 December 2018 300,387 239,926 492,598 1,032,911 Additions 35,289 - 50,765 86,054 Action of Comments in exchange rates 1,408 - - 20,726 Write-off (341) - - - (1,408) 31 December 2019 354,653 239,926 464,717 1,059,296 Accumulated amortisation 17,158 23,992 464,717 1,059,296 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (21) - (1,786) (1,807) Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (30,086) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) - - (4,859) <t< td=""><td>Cost</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Cost					
Transfer in 17,419 - - 17,419 Write-off (29,824) - (8,520) (38,344) Effect of movements in exchange rates (6,842) - - - (6,842) 31 December 2018 300,387 239,926 492,598 1,032,911 Additions 35,289 - 50,765 86,045 Transfer in 20,726 - - 20,726 Write-off (341) - (78,646) (78,987) Effect of movements in exchange rates (1,408) - - (1,408) 31 December 2019 354,653 239,926 464,717 1,059,296 Accumulated amortisation 1 January 2018 232,294 151,955 177,132 561,381 Amortisation Srom discontinued branches (21) - (1,786) (1,807) Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (30,086) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) - - <t< td=""><td>1 January 2018</td><td>285,708</td><td>239,926</td><td>425,029</td><td>950,663</td></t<>	1 January 2018	285,708	239,926	425,029	950,663	
Write-off (29,824) - (8,520) (38,344) Effect of movements in exchange rates (6,842) - - (6,842) 31 December 2018 300,387 239,926 492,598 1,032,911 Additions 35,289 - 50,765 86,054 Transfer in 20,726 - - 20,726 Write-off (341) - (78,646) (78,987) Effect of movements in exchange rates (1,408) - - (1,408) 31 December 2019 354,653 239,926 464,717 1,059,296 Accumulated amortisation 17,158 23,991 38,143 79,292 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (21) - (1,786) (1,807) Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (30,086) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) - - (4,859) 31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation	Additions	33,926	-	76,089	110,015	
Effect of movements in exchange rates (6,842) - - - (6,842) 31 December 2018 300,387 239,926 492,598 1,032,911 Additions 35,289 - 50,765 86,054 Transfer in 20,726 - - 20,726 Write-off (341) - (78,646) (78,987) Effect of movements in exchange rates (1,408) - - (1,408) 31 December 2019 354,653 239,926 464,717 1,059,296 Accumulated amortisation 17,158 23,991 38,143 79,292 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (21) - (1,786) (1,807) Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (30,086) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) - - (4,859) 31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255	Transfer in	17,419	-	-	17,419	
exchange rates (6,842) - - (6,842) 31 December 2018 300,387 239,926 492,598 1,032,911 Additions 35,289 - 50,765 86,054 Transfer in 20,726 - - 20,726 Write-off (341) - (78,646) (78,987) Effect of movements in exchange rates (1,408) - - - (1,408) 31 December 2019 354,653 239,926 464,717 1,059,296 Accumulated amortisation 1 1,158 23,991 38,143 79,292 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (21) - (1,786) (1,807) Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (30,086) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) - - (4,859) 31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss fr	Write-off	(29,824)	-	(8,520)	(38,344)	
31 December 2018 300,387 239,926 492,598 1,032,911	Effect of movements in					
Additions 35,289 - 50,765 86,054 Transfer in 20,726 - - 20,726 Write-off (341) - (78,646) (78,987) Effect of movements in exchange rates (1,408) - - (1,408) 31 December 2019 354,653 239,926 464,717 1,059,296 Accumulated amortisation 1 151,955 177,132 561,381 Amortisation 17,158 23,991 38,143 79,292 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (21) - (1,786) (1,807) Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (30,086) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) - - (4,859) 31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated	exchange rates	(6,842)		<u> </u>	(6,842)	
Transfer in 20,726 - - 20,726 Write-off (341) - (78,646) (78,987) Effect of movements in exchange rates (1,408) - - (1,408) 31 December 2019 354,653 239,926 464,717 1,059,296 Accumulated amortisation 1 151,955 177,132 561,381 Amortisation 17,158 23,991 38,143 79,292 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (21) - (1,786) (1,807) Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (30,086) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) - - (4,859) 31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652)	31 December 2018	300,387	239,926	492,598	1,032,911	
Write-off (341) - (78,646) (78,987) Effect of movements in exchange rates (1,408) - - (1,408) 31 December 2019 354,653 239,926 464,717 1,059,296 Accumulated amortisation 1 1,1955 177,132 561,381 Amortisation 17,158 23,991 38,143 79,292 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (21) - (1,786) (1,807) Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (30,086) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) - - (4,859) 31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) - -	Additions	35,289	-	50,765	86,054	
Effect of movements in exchange rates (1,408) - (1,408) 31 December 2019 354,653 239,926 464,717 1,059,296 Accumulated amortisation 1 January 2018 232,294 151,955 177,132 561,381 Amortisation 17,158 23,991 38,143 79,292 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (21) - (1,786) (1,807) Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (30,086) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement loss from discontinued branches (214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) - (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	Transfer in	20,726	-	-	20,726	
exchange rates (1,408) - - (1,408) 31 December 2019 354,653 239,926 464,717 1,059,296 Accumulated amortisation 1 January 2018 232,294 151,955 177,132 561,381 Amortisation 17,158 23,991 38,143 79,292 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (21) - (1,786) (1,807) Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (30,086) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) - - (4,859) 31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) - - (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000	Write-off	(341)	-	(78,646)	(78,987)	
31 December 2019 354,653 239,926 464,717 1,059,296 Accumulated amortisation 1 January 2018 232,294 151,955 177,132 561,381 Amortisation 17,158 23,991 38,143 79,292 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (21) - (1,786) (1,807) Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (30,086) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) (4,859) 31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	Effect of movements in					
Accumulated amortisation 1 January 2018 232,294 151,955 177,132 561,381 Amortisation 17,158 23,991 38,143 79,292 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (21) - (1,786) (1,807) Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (30,086) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) (4,859) 31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) (10,98) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	exchange rates	(1,408)		<u> </u>	(1,408)	
1 January 2018 232,294 151,955 177,132 561,381 Amortisation 17,158 23,991 38,143 79,292 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (21) - (1,786) (1,807) Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (30,086) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) (4,859) 31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	31 December 2019	354,653	239,926	464,717	1,059,296	
Amortisation 17,158 23,991 38,143 79,292 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (21) - (1,786) (1,807) Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (30,086) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) - - (4,859) 31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) - - (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	Accumulated amortisation					
Impairment loss from discontinued branches (21) - (1,786) (1,807) Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (30,086) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) (4,859) 31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	1 January 2018	232,294	151,955	177,132	561,381	
discontinued branches (21) - (1,786) (1,807) Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (30,086) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) - - (4,859) 31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) - - (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	Amortisation	17,158	23,991	38,143	79,292	
Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (30,086) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) (4,859) 31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	Impairment loss from					
assets write-off (30,086) - (7,023) (37,109) Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) (4,859) 31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	discontinued branches	(21)	-	(1,786)	(1,807)	
Effect of movement in exchange rates (4,859) (4,859) 31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	Accumulated amortisation of					
exchange rates (4,859) - (4,859) 31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	assets write-off	(30,086)	-	(7,023)	(37,109)	
31 December 2018 214,486 175,946 206,466 596,898 Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	Effect of movement in					
Amortisation 18,522 23,993 42,740 85,255 Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	exchange rates	(4,859)		<u> </u>	(4,859)	
Impairment loss from discontinued branches (reversal)	31 December 2018	214,486	175,946	206,466	596,898	
discontinued branches (reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	Amortisation	18,522	23,993	42,740	85,255	
(reversal) 2,394 - (179) 2,215 Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) - - - (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	Impairment loss from					
Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	discontinued branches					
assets write-off (304) - (77,348) (77,652) Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	(reversal)	2,394	-	(179)	2,215	
Effect of movement in exchange rates (1,098) (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	Accumulated amortisation of					
exchange rates (1,098) - - (1,098) 31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	assets write-off	(304)	-	(77,348)	(77,652)	
31 December 2019 234,000 199,939 171,679 605,618 Net book value 31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	Effect of movement in					
Net book value 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	exchange rates	(1,098)			(1,098)	
31 December 2018 85,901 63,980 286,132 436,013	31 December 2019	234,000	199,939	171,679	605,618	
	Net book value					
31 December 2019 120,653 39,987 293,038 453,678	31 December 2018	85,901	63,980	286,132	436,013	
	31 December 2019	120,653	39,987	293,038	453,678	

	(Onit: Thousand Bant)
	Separate
	financial statements
	Computer software
Cost	
1 January 2018	91,051
Additions	3,944
Transfer in	797
Write-off	(28,923)
31 December 2018	66,869
Additions	510
Transfer in	1,846
Write-off	(272)
31 December 2019	68,953
Accumulated amortisation	
1 January 2018	80,762
Amortisation	5,059
Accumulated amortisation of assets write-off	(28,918)
31 December 2018	56,903
Amortisation	4,040
Write-off	(264)
31 December 2019	60,679
Net book value	
31 December 2018	9,966
31 December 2019	8,274

20. Other non-current assets

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolid	dated	Separate		
	financial sta	tements	financial statements		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Deposits	547,430	585,215	5,762	5,139	
Advance payment for construction	23,067	10,436	-	-	
Prepaid for car park service	57,144	61,540	-	-	
Accrued interest - loan to joint venture	53,881	12,008	-	-	
Others	1,375	1,408	1,375	1,408	
Total	682,897	670,607	7,137	6,547	

21. Bank overdrafts and short-term loans from financial institutions

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Intere	st rate	Conso	lidated
	(percent p	er annum)	financial s	tatements
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019	<u>2018</u>
Bank overdrafts - unsecured	6.9	-	189	-
Short-term loans from financial				
institutions - secured	2.7 - 3.6	3.1 - 4.3	550,770	129,799
Total bank overdrafts and short-term				
loans from financial institutions			550,959	129,799

The borrowings include secured liabilities in the total amount of Baht 551 million (2018: Baht 130 million) in the consolidated financial statements. Loans from financial institutions are guaranteed by the Company and a director of the Company.

22. Trade and other payables

			(Unit: Th	nousand Baht)	
	Conso	lidated	Separate		
	financial s	tatements	financial statements		
	2019	2018	<u>2019</u> <u>2018</u>		
Trade payables - other parties	768,387	800,425	64,377	66,530	
Amounts due to related parties	10,019	4,938	22,028	12,482	
Other payables	87,750	88,050	33,565	29,091	
Payables for purchase of buildings and					
equipment	236,807	221,347	4,051	7,282	
Guest deposits	489,544	553,007	131,706	140,003	
Accrued expenses	1,056,110	1,087,649	120,153	143,146	
Total trade and other payables	2,648,617	2,755,416	375,880	398,534	

23. Long-term loans from financial institutions

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Interest rate		Consolidated		Separate	
	(percent per annum)		financial statements		financial statements	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Long-term loans from financial						
institutions						
Secured	2.2 - 5.3	2.5 - 4.9	882,746	1,121,877	-	-
Unsecured	1.7 - 4.8	2.38 - 4.81	1,351,176	1,491,834	1,291,451	1,491,834
Total			2,233,922	2,613,711	1,291,451	1,491,834
Less: Portion due within one year			(615,629)	(234,144)	(400,000)	
Total Long-term loans from						
financial institutions, net of						
current portion			1,618,293	2,379,567	891,451	1,491,834

The borrowings include secured liabilities in the total amount of Baht 883 million (2018: Baht 1,122 million) in the consolidated financial statements. Loans from financial institutions are guaranteed by the Company and a director of the Company.

The Group have to maintain financial ratios and terms and conditions as stated in the loan agreements.

As at 31 December 2019, the Group had unutilised credit facilities totalling Baht 4,273 million and Baht 1,336 million, respectively (2018: Baht 3,583 million and Baht 1,866 million, respectively).

Long-term loan of the Company

a) In May 2017, the Company entered into a loan agreement with a local financial institution to be source of fund for investment in Dubai project and others, which are relevant to the project, with a loan credit facility of USD 64 million. As of 31 December 2019, the stated loan was drawn down in the total amount of USD 25.7 million. The principal is payable in installment term on a three-month basis, starting from the 46th month after the agreement signing date and the interest is payable on a three-month term basis. This loan is an unsecured loan carrying an interest at the rate specified in the agreement and contains covenants in various matters, including of the maintenance of financial ratios. As at 31 December 2019, the outstanding balance of the aforesaid loan is USD 6.3 million (2018: USD 12.0 million).

- b) In June 2017, the Company entered into a loan agreement with a local financial institution for a loan of Baht 400 million with a three-year repayable term from the drawdown date. The loan carries interest at the specified rate in the agreement with six-month payable. This loan is an unsecured loan and has condition of maintaining financial ratios that the Company must comply. As at 31 December 2019, the outstanding balance of the aforesaid loan is Baht 400 million (2018: Baht 400 million).
- c) In November 2018, the Company entered into a loan agreement with a local financial institution for a loan of Baht 700 million with a three-year repayable term from the drawdown date. The loan carries interest at the specified rate in the agreement with six-month payable. This loan is an unsecured loan and has condition of maintaining financial ratios that the Company must comply. As at 31 December 2019, the outstanding balance of the aforesaid loan is Baht 700 million (2018: Baht 700 million).

Long-term loan of the subsidiaries

- d) A foreign subsidiary entered into a loan agreement with a local financial institution for a loan credit line of USD 20 million and USD 9 million. The loans were withdrew during 2013 and 2016 with a quarterly repayable term within 10 years and 7 years respectively from the first draw down date. Such loan has an interest at the specified rate as well as terms and guaranteed by a director and the parent company and conditions to maintain financial ratios in the agreement. As at 31 December 2019, the outstanding loan is USD 10.6 million and USD 5.7 million respectively (2018: USD 13.4 million and USD 7.7 million respectively).
- e) A foreign subsidiary entered into a loan agreement with a local financial institution. The loan was withdrawn in March 2017 totalling USD 20.4 million with quarterly installments payable until 2022. The loan has interest at the specified rate in the agreement. The stated loan was guaranteed by a director and the parent company including condition of maintaining financial ratios that a parent company must comply. As at 31 December 2019, the outstanding balance of the aforesaid loan is USD 4.8 million (2018: USD 9.8 million).
- f) A subsidiary entered into a loan agreement with a local financial institution, loan credit line obtained by the subsidiary is in the amount of Baht 177 million and Baht 293 million. The loan was withdrawn during 2017 and 2019 in the amount of Baht 30 million and Baht 220.2 million, respectively with quarterly installments payable term within ten years from the first drawdown date. The stated loan has interest at the specified rate in the agreement with three months payable and was guaranteed by a parent company, including condition of maintaining financial ratios that a parent company must comply. As at 31 December 2019, the outstanding balance of the aforesaid loan is Baht 26.3 million and Baht 220.2 million (2018: Baht 30 million and Baht 89.2 million, respectively).

g) A subsidiary entered into a loan agreement with a local financial institution for a credit line of Baht 630 million. The loan was drawn down in 2019 in the amount of Baht 59.7 million and repayable in quarterly installments within five years from the first drawdown date. The loan carried interest at the rate specified in the agreement, which was payable in every three months. The loan agreement conditions required the maintenance of financial ratios. As at 31 December 2019, the outstanding balance of the loan is Baht 59.7 million.

24. Debentures

(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Consolidated and separate

	Interest rate	Maturity date	financial statements	
	(Percent)		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
No. 1/2016	2.09	30 March 2020	800,000	800,000
No. 2/2016	2.45	11 August 2021	980,000	980,000
No. 3/2016	2.78	29 September 2022	1,000,000	1,000,000
No. 3/2016	2.97	29 September 2023	1,000,000	1,000,000
No. 3/2016	3.39	29 September 2026	500,000	500,000
No. 1/2019	2.44	31 October 2024	600,000	
			4,880,000	4,280,000
Debentures due within one year			(800,000)	-
Debentures due after one year			4,080,000	4,280,000

The debentures are in the name of specific holders, unsubordinated and unsecured.

These debentures contain certain restrictions and conditions relating to financial ratios, payment of dividends, decrease in paid-up share capital, pledge, mortgage, and disposal of assets, which are material for business operations.

On 31 October 2019, the Company issued name - registered, unsubordinated and unsecured debentures of 600,000 units at a price of Baht 1,000 per unit, totaling Baht 600 million. The debentures have a term of 5 years which are due in 2024, carrying a fixed interest rate at 2.44 percent per annum. The interest is payable every 6 months. The debentures have subject to conditions regarding the maintenance of financial ratios.

25. Other current liabilities

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Conso	lidated	Separate	
	financial s	tatements	financial statements	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Deposits	1,778	2,176	3	22
Retentions	57,390	36,642	5,959	9,269
Withholding tax and value added tax payables	208,447	185,457	28,489	31,984
Total other current liabilities	267,615	224,275	34,451	41,275

26. Provision for long-term employee benefits

Provision for long-term employee benefits, which represents compensation payable to employees after they retire, was as follows:

			(Unit: Thousand Baht)		
	Consoli	dated	Separate		
	financial sta	atements	financial sta	tements	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Provision for long-term employee					
benefits at beginning of year	257,217	229,641	77,078	67,072	
Included in profit or loss:					
Current service cost	27,563	25,714	9,176	11,820	
Interest cost	8,072	5,377	2,242	1,471	
Past service cost	58,157	-	16,957	-	
Included in other comprehensive income:					
Actuarial (gain) loss arising from					
Demographic assumptions changes	-	3,376	-	517	
Financial assumptions changes	-	(15,943)	-	(2,925)	
Experience adjustments	-	34,431	-	6,746	
Benefits paid during the year	(40,518)	(25,379)	(3,360)	(7,623)	
Provision for long-term employee					
benefits at end of year	310,491	257,217	102,093	77,078	

On 5 April 2019, The Labor Protection Act (No. 7) B.E. 2562 was announced in the Royal Gazette. This stipulates additional legal severance pay rates for employees who have worked for an uninterrupted period of twenty years or more, with such employees entitled to receive not less than 400 days' compensation at the latest wage rate. The law was effective from 5 May 2019. This change is considered a post-employment benefits plan amendment and the Group has additional long-term employee benefit liabilities of Baht 58 million (The Company only: Baht 17 million) as a result. The Group reflects the effect of the change by recognising past service costs as expenses in the income statement of the current period.

The Group expect to pay Baht 42 million of long-term employee benefits during the next year (Separate financial statements: Baht 20 million) (2018: Baht 27 million, separate financial statements: Baht 13 million).

As at 31 December 2019, the weighted average duration of the liabilities for long-term employee benefit is 10 years (Separate financial statements: 10 years) (2018: 10 years, Separate financial statements: 10 years).

Significant actuarial assumptions are summarised below:

			(Unit: Percent per annum)		
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate		
			financial statements		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Discount rate	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.90	
Salary increase rate	5.00 - 8.00	5.00 - 8.00	5.00 - 8.00	5.00 - 8.00	
Turnover rate	5.00 - 35.00	5.00 - 35.00	5.00 - 35.00	5.00 - 35.00	

The result of sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions that affect the present value of the long-term employee benefit obligation as at 31 December 2019 and 2018 are summarised below:

							(Unit: Milli	on Baht)
		Consolidated financial statements			Separate			
					financial statements			
	Liab	Liability increase (decrease)			Liab	ility increas	se (decrea	se)
	Incre	Increase		Decrease		Increase		ease
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Discount rate (1%)	(19)	(15)	22	17	(4)	(3)	4	3
Salary increase rate (1%)	22	17	(19)	(15)	4	3	(4)	(3)
Turnover rate (10%)	(18)	(15)	21	17	(4)	(3)	4	3

27. Provision for decommissioning

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated financial statements At 1 January 2018 107,854 Provision made 13,940 Provision used (5,102)At 31 December 2018 116,692 Provision made 24,793 Provision used (6,423)At 31 December 2019 135,062

28. Premium on shares

Section 51 of the Public Companies Act. B.E. 2535 requires companies to set aside share subscription money received in excess of the issued shares' par value to a reserve account (share premium). The share premium is not available for dividend distribution.

29. Statutory reserve

Pursuant to Section 116 of the Public Limited Companies Act B.E. 2535, the Company is required to set aside a statutory reserve at least 5 percent of its net profit after deducting accumulated deficit brought forward (if any), until the reserve reaches 10 percent of the registered capital. The statutory reserve is not available for dividend distribution. At present, the statutory reserve has fully been set aside.

30. Other income

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated Separate financial statements financial statements 2019 2018 2019 2018 Interest income 81,815 33,191 95,112 83,302 Management fee income 213,506 224,537 15,309 35,861 Service income 168,034 167,280 Insurance claim 101,155 Income from loan guarantee of subsidiaries 6,989 9,356 Rental and other services income 32,294 2,652 10,376 9,475 Subsidy 12,560 12,560 Sale of used oil 17,041 19,716 92,645 100,576 57,392 17,716 Others 390,557 Total other income 553,691 353,212 322,990

Insurance claim

Due to the political unrest in Bangkok in 2010, restaurants of one subsidiary and another subsidiary sustained fire damage. Losses totaled approximately Baht 66 million, consisting of damage to fixed assets and other assets of Baht 36 million and business interruption losses of Baht 30 million. The two subsidiaries filed claims for compensation of these losses with insurance companies in 2010. However, the insurance companies denied liability and the subsidiaries filed lawsuits against the insurance companies. In March 2019 the Supreme Court's decision ordered the insurance companies to pay compensation to the subsidiaries, together with interest at 7.5 percent per annum (calculated from the filing date), or a total of Baht 101 million. As at 31 December 2019, the two subsidiaries received the compensation in full.

31. Expenses by nature

Significant expenses classified by nature were as follows:

			(Unit: Thousand Baht	
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Cost of food and beverage used	5,157,357	5,116,514	290,594	311,887
Employee benefit expenses	5,259,517	5,334,597	915,667	949,245
Royalty fee	557,630	551,349	-	-
Management fee	33,934	32,803	162,594	172,973
Land and buildings rental	2,044,722	1,908,569	11,571	9,160
Depreciation and amortisation	2,037,219	2,044,918	408,948	410,480

32. Employee benefit expenses

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Conso	lidated	Separ	rate
	financial s	tatements	financial statements	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Wages and salaries	3,879,301	3,677,191	610,293	621,231
Defined benefit plans	93,792	31,091	28,376	13,291
Defined contribution plans	47,794	48,047	21,447	22,351
Others	1,238,630	1,578,268	255,551	292,372
Total employee benefit expenses	5,259,517	5,334,597	915,667	949,245

33. Finance costs

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

			(
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements		
_					
	<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>	2018	
Interest expense:					
Subsidiaries	-	-	18,704	19,967	
Bank overdrafts, loans and debentures	214,021	204,615	166,627	149,036	
Total interest expense	214,021	204,615	185,331	169,003	

34. Income tax

Income tax expenses for the years ended 31 December 2019 and 2018 were made up as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated		Separate	
_	financial statements		financial sta	tements
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Current income tax				
Current income tax charge	296,737	409,372	-	-
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of				
previous year	(3,682)	4,065	(56)	-
Deferred tax				
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary				
differences	(12,251)	25,339	(36,268)	22,977
Income tax (income) expenses reported in				
profit or loss	280,804	438,776	(36,324)	22,977

The amounts of income tax relating to each component of other comprehensive income for the years ended 31 December 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

			(Unit: Th	nousand Baht)
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Deferred tax for actuarial gain	-	4,373	-	868
Available-for-sale investments	(4)	55		-
Income tax income (expenses) charged to				
other comprehensive income	(4)	4,428		868

The reconciliation between accounting profit and income tax expenses is shown below.

			(Unit: Thousand Baht)	
	Conso	lidated	Separate	
	financial s	tatements	financial s	tatements
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Profit before income tax expenses	2,089,976	2,713,065	1,027,150	1,204,444
Applicable tax rate	0 - 20%	0 - 20%	20%	20%
Accounting gain before tax multiplied by				
income tax rate	417,995	542,613	205,430	240,889
Effect of different tax rates in foreign				
jurisdictions	(7,272)	(11,279)	-	-
Effect of share of profit of investment in associate	(6,201)	(7,078)	-	-
Income not subject to tax	(26,410)	(2)	(199,275)	(249,772)
Profits subject to promotional privileges	(31,604)	(25,220)	-	-
Effects of:				
Non deductible expenses	6,186	6,907	12,216	36,366
Additional expense deduction allowed	(84,272)	(78,269)	(5,290)	(6,944)
Recognised of previously unrecognised tax losses	(10,938)	(12,019)	(56)	-
Others	4,885	4,697	(2,133)	2,438
Total	(84,139)	(78,684)	4,737	31,860
Recognition of previously unrecognised deferred				
tax assets during the year	(47,160)	-	(47,160)	-
Current year losses for which no deferred tax				
asset was recognised	40,808	8,864	-	-
Deferred income tax initial recognition and				
reversal	7,392	(6,130)	-	-
Unrealised losses resulting from intergroup				
transaction	21,077	11,627	-	-
Adjustment in respect of under (over) record of				
income tax of prior year	(3,682)	4,065	(56)	
Income tax (income) expenses reported in profit				
or loss	280,804	438,776	(36,324)	22,977

The components of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	statements	

	Consc	olidated	Separate		
	financial	statements	financial s	statements	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Deferred tax assets					
Difference on depreciation	51,619	42,386	-	-	
Allowance for impairment of investment	47,160	-	47,160	-	
in associate					
Financial lease liabilities	35,538	40,743	32,465	36,355	
Employee benefit obligation	62,061	51,498	20,385	15,416	
Loss carried forward	23,313	19,215	23,313	7,001	
Others	33,071	25,803	2,317	996	
Total	252,762	179,645	125,640	59,768	
Deferred tax liability					
Difference on depreciation	(360,304)	(300,554)	(91,097)	(61,492)	
Financial lease liabilities	(1,189)	(1,055)	-	-	
Others	(1,148)	(162)	-	-	
Total	(362,641)	(301,771)	(91,097)	(61,492)	

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated financial statements

	Asset		Lial	oility
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Total	252,762	179,645	(362,641)	(301,771)
Set off of tax	(133,334)	(93,200)	133,334	93,200
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	119,428	86,445	(229,307)	(208,571)

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Separate financial statements

	As	Asset		oility	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Total	125,640	59,768	(91,097)	(61,492)	
Set off of tax	(91,097)	(59,768)	91,097	59,768	
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	34,543			(1,724)	

As at 31 December 2019, the Group have unused tax losses totaling Baht 471 million (2018: Baht 180 million), on which deferred tax assets have not been recognised as the Group believe that the future taxable profits may not be sufficient to allow utilisation of the unused tax losses. The unused tax losses will be expired by 2020 - 2023.

35. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share for the owner of the Company is calculated by dividing profit for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company (excluding other comprehensive income) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

36. Dividends

At the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Company held on 25 April 2019, the shareholders approved the appropriation of dividend of Baht 0.65 per share, totaling Baht 877.5 million. The dividend was paid to shareholders during 2019.

At the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Company held on 30 April 2018, the shareholders approved the appropriation of dividend of Baht 0.60 per share, totalling Baht 810.0 million. The dividend was paid to shareholders during 2018.

37. Segment information

The Group have two reportable segments, as described below, which are the Group' strategic divisions. The strategic divisions offer different products and services, and are managed separately because they require different technology and marketing strategies. For each of the strategic divisions, the chief operating decision maker (CODM) reviews internal management reports on at least a quarterly basis. The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group' reportable segments.

- Segment 1 Hotel and related services operation
- Segment 2 Food and ice-cream

Information regarding the results of each reportable segment is included below. Performance is measured based on segment profit after tax, as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the Group' CODM. Segment profit after tax is used to measure performance as management believes that such information is the most relevant in evaluating the results of certain segments relative to other entities that operate within these industries.

The Group are organised into business segments. During the current year, the Group have not changed the organisation of their reportable segments.

The following tables present revenue and profit information regarding the Group' operating segments for the years ended 31 December 2019 and 2018, respectively.

(Unit: Million Baht)

	For the years ended 31 December									
	Hotel and	I related	Food and i	ce-cream			Adjustme	nts and		
	services operation		opera	operation		Total		tions	Consolidated	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Sales and services income										
- Third parties	8,439	9,364	12,184	11,899	20,623	21,263	-	-	20,623	21,263
- Related parties	10	12	98	100	108	112	(108)	(112)		
Total sales and services income	8,449	9,376	12,282	11,999	20,731	21,375	(108)	(112)	20,623	21,263
Cost of sales and services	(5,475)	(5,904)	(6,771)	(6,530)	(12,246)	(12,434)	58	66	(12,188)	(12,368)
Gross profit	2,974	3,472	5,511	5,469	8,485	8,941	(50)	(46)	8,435	8,895
Unallocated income (expenses):										
Other income	1,736	1,678	200	136	1,936	1,814	(1,268)	(1,309)	668	505
Selling expenses	(492)	(513)	(503)	(500)	(995)	(1,013)	149	162	(846)	(851)
Administrative expenses	(2,350)	(2,279)	(4,474)	(4,217)	(6,824)	(6,496)	842	830	(5,982)	(5,666)
Share of profit from investment in associate	31	35	(2)	-	29	35	-	-	29	35
Finance cost	(416)	(389)	(2)	(1)	(418)	(390)	204	185	(214)	(205)
Income tax expenses	(224)	(326)	(57)	(113)	(281)	(439)			(281)	(439)
Profit for the year	1,259	1,678	673	774	1,932	2,452	(123)	(178)	1,809	2,274

Geographic information

The Group are managed on a worldwide basis and, they operate in main geographical areas as follows:

- 1. Thailand is the country of the parent company which is also the main operating. The areas of operation are hotel and related services operation, food and beverage operation.
- 2. Republic of Maldives The main activities are hotel and related services operation.

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Reve	nues	Segmen	t results	Total assets		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Thailand	19,251	19,748	1,829	2,263	50,899	46,147	
Republic of Maldives	1,480	1,627	103	189	2,287	2,794	
Eliminations	(108)	(112)	(123)	(178)	(25,596)	(22,494)	
Total	20,623	21,263	1,809	2,274	27,590	26,447	

Major customers

For the years 2019 and 2018, the Group have no major customer with revenue of 10 percent or more of an entity's revenues.

38. Provident fund

The Group and their employees have jointly established a provident fund in accordance with the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530. Contribution are made monthly by the employee at rates ranging from 3 percent to 15 percent of their basic salaries and by the Group at rates ranging from 3 percent to 10 percent of the employees' basis salaries. The fund, which is managed by Krungthai Asset Management Public Co., Ltd., Siam Commercial Bank Asset Management Public Co., Ltd., and Krungsri Asset Management Public Co., Ltd., will be paid to employees upon termination in accordance with the fund rules. The contributions for the year 2019 by the Group amounting to approximately Baht 48 million (2018: Baht 48 million) were recognised as expenses, the Company only: Baht 21 million (2018: Baht 22 million).

39. Commitments and contingent liabilities

39.1 Capital commitments

As at 31 December 2019 and 2018, the Group had capital commitments as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Conso	lidated	Sepa	rate	
	financial s	tatements	financial statements		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Hotel construction and renovation	1,013.0	294.0	17.3	41.4	
Machinery and equipment	31.4	22.7	-	-	
Leasehold improvement	6.0	10.8			
Total	1,050.4	327.5	17.3	41.4	

39.2 Operating lease and service commitments

The Group have entered into several lease agreements in respect of the lease of land, building space and equipment and other service agreements. The terms of the agreements are generally between 3 and 20 years.

As at 31 December 2019 and 2018, future minimum payments required under these noncancellable operating lease contracts and other service contracts were as follows:

			(Un	it: Million Baht)	
	Consc	olidated	Separate		
	financial	statements	financial statements		
	2019	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Payable:					
In up to 1 year	785.3	665.9	-	-	
In over 1 year and up to 5 years	1,073.3	965.3	-	-	
In over 5 years	2,949.1	3,177.3	-	-	

39.3 Guarantees

39.3.1 Bank guarantees

As at 31 December 2019 and 2018, there were outstanding bank guarantees issued by banks on behalf of the Group, in respect of the normal course of certain performance bonds as required in their business. The details of bank guarantees were as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

		\ -		
Conso	lidated	Separate financial statements		
financial s	tatements			
<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
171	76	59	59	
45	55	8	12	
216	131	67	71	
	financial s 2019 171 45	171 76 45 55	financial statements financial statements 2019 2018 2019 171 76 59 45 55 8	

39.3.2 Related parties guarantees

The Company

As at 31 December 2019, the Company and a director of the Company provided guarantees to various local financial institutions for loans facility of four subsidiaries in the amount of Baht 3,121 million (2018: Baht 2,462 million). As at 31 December 2019, the outstanding balance of these loans are Baht 1,434 million (2018: Baht 1,252 million).

Subsidiary

As at 31 December 2019, Central Restaurants Group Co., Ltd. had commitments to a financial institution for guarantees of bank overdraft and long-term loan facility of a subsidiary totalling Baht 55.8 million (2018: Baht 55.8 million).

39.4 Other service commitments

- (a) A subsidiary entered into agreement with a company who manufactures carbonated beverage in Thailand. The subsidiary will receive supporting fund if the subsidiary follows conditions and restrictions stated in the agreement. The supporting fund received will be recorded as "deferred income" in the statement of financial position.
- (b) A subsidiary entered into agreements for purchases of raw materials with a local supplier for a period of 12 months starting from the contract date. The subsidiary agreed to purchases raw material in accordance with the price and quantity specified in the agreements and agreed to pay advance payment for raw material purchased in last month or will be returned when the agreements are expired.

39.5 Significant agreement

- (a) On 30 September 2019, a subsidiary entered into an investment agreement with two Japanese companies for a hotel development in Japan whereby a subsidiary was to be established in Singapore in order to invest in a newly established company in Japan. In January 2020, the subsidiary paid JPY 30,000 for the share subscription for 30 ordinary shares of JPY 1,000 each.
- (b) On 19 December 2019, a subsidiary entered into a joint investment agreement to invest in a coffee business in Vietnam.

39.6 Contingent liabilities

On 12 July 2017, a subsidiary filed a lawsuit against a receivable (the objector) for compensation of totaling Baht 209.8 million plus interest with respect to the unpaid management fees of Baht 51.2 million and for other damages on the grounds of a breach of hotel management contract. On 27 December 2017, the objector filed a counterclaim rejecting to pay the compensation and demanded compensation amounting to Baht 918.4 million plus interest for the damage arising from a fraud and a breach of contract by the subsidiary during the period in which it performed the management of the objector's hotel. The subsidiary filed an objection against the claim of the objector and on 4 December 2019; and the arbitral tribunal rendered an award that the objector shall pay an amount of Baht 52.3 million to the subsidiary with interest 8.875 percent per annum, calculating from 4 December 2019 until the day the objector makes a full payment. The management believes that there is a high probability that the subsidiary will win the case even though the objector may file an appeal with the Appeal Court. As at 31 December 2019, no provision for doubtful accounts and no provision for liabilities have been made in the financial statements.

40. Fair value hierarchy

The Group had the assets and liabilities that were measured at fair value using different levels of inputs as follows:

							(Unit: Mil	lion Baht)
			Cons	olidated fina	ncial stater	ments		
	Lev	vel 1	Lev	rel 2	Level 3		То	tal
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Financial assets measured at								
fair value								
Investments available-for-sale								
securities - debt instruments	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	1
Financial assets disclosure of fair value								
Investment properties	-	-	-	-	1,287	1,287	1,287	1,287
			Sep	parate financ	cial stateme	ents	(Unit: Mil	lion Baht)
	Lev	vel 1	Lev	rel 2	Lev	el 3	То	tal
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Financial assets disclosure of								
fair value								
Investment properties	-	-	-	-	1,002	1,022	1,002	1,022

41. Financial instruments

41.1 Financial risk management

The Group's financial instruments, as defined under Thai Accounting Standard No. 107 "Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentations", principally comprise cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, loans, investments, temporary investments, trade and other payables, short-term and long-term loans and debentures. The financial risks associated with these financial instruments and how they are managed are described below.

Credit risk

The Group are exposed to credit risk primarily with respect to trade and other receivables and loans. The Group manage the risk by adopting appropriate credit control policies and procedures and therefore do not expect to incur material financial losses. In addition, the Group do not have high concentration of credit risk since they have a large customer base. The maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amounts of trade and other receivables and loans as stated in the statement of financial position.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to their cash at banks, bank overdrafts, short-term and long-term borrowings. Most of the Group' financial assets and liabilities bear floating interest rates or fixed interest rates which are close to the market rate.

Significant financial assets and liabilities classified by type of interest rates are summarised in the table below, with those financial assets and liabilities that carry fixed interest rates further classified based on the maturity date.

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated financial statements

						orioonaatoc	i iii ai iolai 3te	itomonto				
		Fixed inter	est rates		Float	ting					Effective in	nterest rate
	Within	1 year	1-5 y	ear	interes	t rate	Non-interest bearing		Total		(% per annum)	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Financial assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	1,508	450	516	832	2,024	1,282	0.13 - 1.55	0.13 - 1.4
Current investments	788	899	-	-	-	-	-	-	788	899	1.45 - 1.80	1.5 - 1.75
Trade and other receivables			<u>-</u>				765	863	765	863	-	-
	788	899	-	-	1,508	450	1,281	1,695	3,577	3,044		
Financial liabilities												
Short-term loans from financial												
institutions	-	-	-	-	551	130	-	-	551	130	2.7 - 3.6	3.1 - 4.3
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,649	2,755	2,649	2,755	-	-
Long-term loans from related												
parties	-	-	52	52	-	-	-	-	52	52	3.0	3.0
Long-term loans from financial												
institutions	400	-	700	1,100	1,134	1,514	-	-	2,234	2,614	1.7 - 5.3	2.4 - 4.9
Debentures	800		4,080	4,280					4,880	4,280	2.1 - 3.4	2.1 - 3.4
	1,200		4,832	5,432	1,685	1,644	2,649	2,755	10,366	9,831		

(Unit: Million Baht)

Separate financial statements

		Fixed inter	est rates		Float	ing					Effective	interest rate
	Within	1 year	1-5 y	ear	interes	t rate	Non-interest bearing		Total		(% per annum)	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Financial assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	-	-	64	140	64	140	-	-
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	155	215	155	215	-	-
Dividend receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	210	277	210	277	-	-
Short-term loans to related parties	471	323	-	-	-	-	-	-	471	323	3.0	3.0
Long-term loans to related parties	2,505	2,139							2,505	2,139	3.0	3.0
	2,976	2,462					429	632	3,405	3,094		
Financial liabilities												
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	376	399	376	399	-	-
Short-term loans from related												
parties	-	-	520	414	-	-	-	-	520	414	1.6 - 3.0	1.4 - 3.0
Long-term loans from financial												
institutions	400	-	700	1,100	191	392	-	-	1,291	1,492	2.4 - 4.8	2.4 - 4.9
Debentures	800		4,080	4,280					4,880	4,280	2.1 - 3.4	2.1 - 3.4
	1,200	-	5,300	5,794	191	392	376	399	7,067	6,585		

Foreign currency risk

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk arise mainly from trading transactions and borrowings that are denominated in foreign currencies.

The balances of financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were summarised below.

	Conso	lidated	Sepa	rate	Exchange rate as at		
Foreign currency	financial s	tatements	financial st	tatements	31 December		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2019</u> <u>2018</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
	(Mill	ion)	(Milli	on)	(Baht per 1 foreign		
					currenc	y unit)	
Financial assets							
US dollar	10	10	-	-	30.15	32.45	
Yuan	1	1	-	-	4.31	4.78	
Financial liabilities							
US dollar	35	49	6	12	30.15	32.45	
Yuan	-	-	-	-	4.31	4.78	

41.2 Fair values of financial instruments

Since the majority of the Group' financial instruments are short-term in nature or bear floating interest rate, their fair value is not expected to be materially different from the amounts presented in statement of financial position.

42. Capital management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it has appropriate capital structure in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value. As at 31 December 2019, the Group's debt-to-equity ratio was 0.95:1 (2018: 0.97:1) and the Company's was 1.10:1 (2018: 1.07:1).

43. Events after the reporting period

The Board of Directors of a subsidiary passed a resolution for the approval of establishment of Central Restaurants Group (Vietnam) Company Limited with the registered capital of VND 23,200 million, through Central Restaurants Group (HK) Limited (a subsidiary), in which the subsidiary holds 100% interest. This company registered its establishment on 14 February 2020.

44. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Company's authorised directors on 26 February 2020.